UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark	one)
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x Annual report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange --- Act of 1934. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001.

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities --- Exchange Act of 1934. For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number 0-24020

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

61-1321992 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

101 Bullitt Lane, Suite 450
Louisville, Kentucky 40222
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(502) 329-2000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: $\label{eq:None} \mbox{None}$

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:
Common Stock, \$.01 par value
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [X]

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates on January 28, 2002 (based upon the average of the high and low prices of the registrant's common stock reported for such date on the Nasdaq National Market), was \$21,783,828. As of January 28, 2002, the registrant had 9,904,375 shares of common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the definitive Proxy Statement to be delivered to shareholders in connection with the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held May 7, 2002 are incorporated by reference into Part III to the extent described therein.

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PART I

Item 1. Business

General

Sypris Solutions is a diversified provider of outsourced services and specialty products. We perform a wide range of manufacturing, engineering, design, testing and other technical services, typically under multi-year, sole-source contracts with major companies and government agencies in the markets for aerospace & defense electronics, truck components & assemblies, and for users of test & measurement equipment. Outsourced services accounted for approximately 82% of our revenue during the year ended December 31, 2001 and we expect this percentage to increase in the future.

We focus on those markets where we have the expertise, qualifications and leadership position to sustain a competitive advantage. We dedicate our resources to support the needs of industry leaders who embrace multi-year contractual relationships as a strategic component of their supply chain management. The quality of these contracts, many of which are sole-source by part number and are for terms of up to seven years, enable us to invest in leading-edge technologies to help our customers remain competitive. The productivity, flexibility and economies of scale that result become an important means for differentiating ourselves from the competition when it comes to cost, quality, reliability and customer service.

Aerospace & Defense Electronics. We are an established supplier of manufacturing services for the production of complex circuit cards, high-level assemblies and subsystems. We have long-term relationships with many of the leading aerospace & defense contractors, including Boeing Company, Honeywell International, Inc., Lockheed Martin Corporation, Northrop Grumman Corporation and Raytheon Company. We manufacture these complex electronic assemblies under multi-year contracts for the missile guidance systems of the AMRAAM, BAT, Brimstone and HARM missile programs, and for the main color display systems for the cockpit of the AH-64 Apache Longbow attack helicopter. We also have a long-term relationship with the National Security Agency to design and build secure communications equipment and write encryption software.

Truck Components & Assemblies. We are the principal supplier of manufacturing services for the forging and machining of medium and heavy-duty truck axles in North America. We produce these axles under multi-year, sole-source contracts with ArvinMeritor, Inc. and Dana Corporation, the two primary providers of drive train assemblies for use by the leading truck manufacturers in the world, including Freightliner LLC, Mack Trucks, Inc., Navistar International Corporation, PACCAR, Inc., and Volvo Truck Corporation.

Test & Measurement Services. We provide technical services for the calibration, certification and repair of test & measurement equipment in the U.S. We have a multi-year, sole-source contract with the Federal Aviation Administration to calibrate and certify the equipment that is used to maintain the radar systems and directional beacons at over 400 airports in the U.S., the Caribbean and the South Pacific. We have a multi-year, sole-source contract with the National Weather Service to calibrate the equipment that is used to maintain the NEXRAD Doppler radar systems at each of its 132 advanced warning weather service radar stations in 45 states, the Caribbean and Guam. We also have a multi-year contract with AT&T Corporation to provide calibration and certification services at over 600 of its central and field switching locations.

We report net revenue and cost of sales in two segments, the Electronics Group and the Industrial Group. Revenue from our Electronics Group is derived primarily from the sale of electronics manufacturing and technical services to customers in the aerospace & defense electronics market, as well as from

customers who require test & measurement services. Our Electronics Group also derives a portion of its revenue from the sale of products, systems and components. Revenue from our Industrial Group is derived primarily from the sale of industrial manufacturing services to customers in the truck components & assemblies market. Our Industrial Group also derives a portion of its revenue from the sale of products to customers primarily for use in the oil & gas market.

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Industry Overview

We believe the trend toward outsourcing is accelerating across a wide range of industries and markets as outsourcing specialists assume a strategic role in the supply chain of companies of all types and sizes. According to The Outsourcing Institute, a professional association, and Dun & Bradstreet, expenditures on outsourcing in the U.S. increased 23% per year from less than \$150 billion in 1996 to over \$340 billion in 2000. We expect the growth in outsourcing expenditures to continue increasing at a rate far higher than the expansion in the overall economy.

We believe the trend toward outsourcing is increasing because outsourcing frequently represents a more efficient, lower cost means for manufacturing a product or delivering a service when compared to more vertically integrated alternatives. The rate of acceptance of the outsourcing model, however, varies widely among industries and markets, and even among companies within the same industry or market. Industry leaders in each of our core markets are increasingly embracing the use of outsourcing specialists as a strategic means to reduce excess capacity, lower costs, improve quality and increase balance sheet productivity. While the facts and circumstances vary by industry, we believe the following benefits of outsourcing are driving this trend.

Reduced Total Operating Costs and Invested Capital. Outsourcing specialists are able to produce products and/or deliver services at a reduced total cost relative to that of their customers because of the ability to allocate the expense for a given set of fixed capacity, including assets, people and support systems, across multiple customers with diversified needs. In turn, the outsourcing specialists can achieve higher utilization of their resources and achieve greater productivity, flexibility and economies of scale.

Access to Advanced Manufacturing Capabilities and Processes and Increased Productivity. The ability to use a fixed set of production assets for a number of customers enables outsourcing specialists to invest in the latest technology as a means to further improve productivity, quality and cycle times. The magnitude of these investments can be prohibitive absent the volume and reliability of future orders associated with having a broad array of customers for the use of those assets.

Focus on Core Competencies. Companies are under intense competitive pressure to constantly rationalize their operations, invest in and strengthen areas in which they can add the greatest value to their customers and divest or outsource areas in which they add lesser value. By utilizing the services of outsourcing specialists, these companies can react more quickly to changing market conditions and allocate valuable capital and other resources to core activities, such as research and development, sales and marketing or product integration.

Improved Supply Chain Management. We believe that the trend in outsourcing favors specialists who have the financial, managerial and capital resources to assume an increasingly greater role in the management of the supply chain for the customer. By utilizing fewer more capable suppliers, companies are able to greatly simplify the infrastructure required to manage these suppliers, thereby reducing their costs and improving margins.

Our Markets

Aerospace & Defense Electronics. According to Electronic Trend Publications and New Venture Research, the total aerospace & defense electronics market in North America is expected to grow from \$33.6 billion in 2001 to \$43.9 billion in 2005. In addition, these sources estimate that within the aerospace & defense electronics market, the trend toward outsourcing will increase at a rate that is higher than the underlying growth of the market. Accordingly, they estimate that

the outsourcing of services will grow from \$1.4\$ billion in 2000 to \$7.9\$ billion in 2005, representing a compound annual growth rate of approximately 40%.

The nature of providing outsourced manufacturing services to the aerospace & defense electronics industry differs substantially from the traditional commercial outsourced manufacturing services industry. The cost of failure can be extremely high, the manufacturing requirements are typically complex and products are produced in relatively small quantities. Companies that provide these manufacturing services are required to maintain and adhere to a number of strict certifications, security clearances and traceability standards that are often quite comprehensive.

The consolidation of defense contractors over the past decade has added to the increased demand for outsourcing specialists. The consolidated companies, some of which have developed highly leveraged balance sheets as a result of mergers and acquisitions, have been motivated to seek new ways to raise margins, increase profitability

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and enhance cash flow. Accordingly, outsourcing specialists, such as Sypris, have been successful in building new relationships with companies that previously relied more on internal resources. We believe this trend will continue and that our extensive experience, clearances, certifications and qualifications in the manufacturing of aerospace & defense electronics will serve to differentiate us from many of the more traditional outsource suppliers.

As part of President George W. Bush's plan to strengthen the national defense, the Bush Administration passed a \$343 billion fiscal 2002 defense budget which represented a 10% increase over the fiscal 2001 defense budget submitted by the previous administration. Additionally, the Bush Administration is expected to propose a fiscal 2003 defense budget of approximately \$391 billion, reflecting a 14.0% increase over the fiscal 2002 budget. We believe that we are well positioned to take advantage of the additional outsourcing activity that may come from the prime contractors that are awarded contracts related to these increased defense appropriations and expenditures.

Truck Components & Assemblies. The truck components & assemblies market consists of the original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, such as DaimlerChrysler Corporation, Ford Motor Company, Freightliner, General Motors Corporation, Mack, Navistar, PACCAR and Volvo, and a deep and extensive supply chain of companies of all types and sizes that are classified into different levels or tiers. Tier I companies represent the primary suppliers to the OEMs and include firms such as ArvinMeritor, Dana, Delphi Automotive Systems Corporation, Eaton Corporation, TRW Inc. and Visteon Corporation, among others. Many of the Tier I companies are confronted with excess capacity, high hourly wage rates, rich benefit packages and aging capital equipment. Below this group of companies reside numerous suppliers who either supply the OEMs directly or supply the Tier I companies. In all segments of the truck components & assemblies market, however, suppliers are under intense competitive pressure to improve product quality and to reduce capital expenditures, production costs and inventory levels.

In an attempt to gain a competitive advantage, many OEMs have been reducing the number of suppliers they utilize. These manufacturers are choosing stronger relationships with fewer suppliers who are capable of investing to support their operations. In response to this trend, many suppliers have combined with others to gain the critical mass required to support these needs. As a result, the number of Tier I suppliers is being reduced, but in many cases the aggregate production capacity of these companies has yet to be addressed. We believe as Tier I suppliers seek to eliminate excess capacity, they will increasingly choose outsourcing as a means to enhance their financial performance and as a result, companies such as Sypris will be presented with new business and acquisition opportunities.

Test & Measurement Services. The widespread adoption of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and Quality Standards (QS), among others, has been underway for many years. A critical component of basic manufacturing discipline and these quality programs is the periodic calibration and certification of the test & measurement equipment that is used to measure process performance. The investment in this equipment and the skills required to support the calibration and certification process has historically been performed offsite by the manufacturers of the equipment, or onsite by internal

operations, even though the productive use of the assets and people is difficult to justify since equipment is often certified on an annual, or in some cases, biannual basis.

We believe that test & measurement services will be increasingly outsourced to independent specialists who can use the manpower and equipment across a diversified base of customers, reduce investment requirements and improve profitability on a national scale.

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Our Business Strategy

Our objective is to increase our leadership position in each of our core markets. We intend to serve our customers and achieve this objective by continuing to:

Concentrate on our Core Markets. We will continue to focus on those markets where we have the expertise, qualifications and leadership position to sustain a competitive advantage. We have been an established supplier of manufacturing and technical services to major aerospace & defense companies and agencies of the U.S. Government for over 35 years. We are the principal supplier of medium and heavy-duty truck axles in North America, and we are the sole provider of calibration, certification and repair services for equipment used by the Federal Aviation Administration to maintain the radar systems and directional beacons at each of the airports it serves in the U.S., the Caribbean and the South Pacific.

Dedicate our Resources to Support Strategic Partnerships. We will continue to dedicate our resources to support the needs of industry leaders who embrace multi-year contractual relationships as a strategic component of their supply chain management and have the potential for long-term growth. We prefer contracts that are sole-source by part number so we can work closely with the customer to the mutual benefit of both parties. In recent years, we have entered into multi-year manufacturing services agreements with Boeing, Honeywell and Raytheon. We have also announced the award of sole-source supply agreements with ArvinMeritor and Dana that run through 2004 and 2008, respectively. We believe additional growth opportunities exist with these and other customers.

Invest to Increase the Competitiveness of our Partners. We will continue to invest in advanced manufacturing and process technologies to reduce the cost of the services we provide for our customers on an ongoing basis. During 1999, we launched a \$35 million capital investment program to expand and automate the services we provide to our customers in the truck components & assemblies market. The automation substantially increased our output per man hour and enabled us to offer our customers reduced pricing that helped them to remain competitive on a global scale. Our ability to leverage this capability across a number of customers in the future will further improve our capacity utilization, absorption of overhead and reduce our manufacturing costs.

Grow Through the Addition of New Value-Added Services. We will continue to grow through the addition of new value-added capabilities that enable us to provide a more complete solution by improving quality and reducing product cost, inventory levels and cycle times for our customers. We have recently added new, state-of-the-art machining capabilities to the range of services we have to offer our customers in the truck components & assemblies market. The integration of these new activities with our existing operations will enable us to reduce labor and shipping costs and minimize cycle times for our customers. ArvinMeritor has entered into contracts for these new services, which we believe may provide us with significant additional opportunities for growth in the future.

Target Strategic Acquisitions to Solidify our Market Leadership. We will continue to pursue strategic acquisitions that consolidate our position of leadership in our core markets, create or strengthen our relationships with leading companies and expand our range of value-added services. Since 1985, we have completed the purchase of 18 operations from companies such as Allegheny International, Inc., Alliant Techsystems, Inc., Dana, Honeywell, Lucent Technologies, Inc., Philips Electronics North America Corporation and Sumitomo Corporation. We believe that there will be an increasing number of opportunities to solidify our positions of market leadership through the purchase of operating assets from our customers and others in our core markets in the future.

We believe that the number and duration of our strategic relationships

enable us to invest in our business with greater certainty and with less risk than others who do not benefit from the type of longer term contractual commitments we receive from many of our major customers. The investments we make in support of these contracts provide us with the productivity, flexibility, technological edge and economies of scale that we believe will help to differentiate us from the competition in the future when it comes to cost, quality, reliability and customer service.

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Our Services and Products

We are a diversified provider of outsourced services and specialty products. Our services consist of manufacturing, technical and other services and products that are delivered as part of our customers' overall supply chain management. The information below is representative of the types of products we manufacture, services we provide and the customers and industries for which we provide such products or services.

Aerospace & Defense Electronics: Honeywell...... Complex circuit cards for cockpit avionics systems of the Apache attack helicopter. National Security Agency...... Secure communications equipment, recording systems and encryption software. Raytheon...... Complex circuit cards and high level assemblies for use in satellite communications systems, the AMRAAM (advanced, medium-range, air-to-air missile) and HARM (high-speed, anti-radiation missile) missile guidance systems, and secure tactical communication systems. Truck Components & Assemblies: ArvinMeritor..... Axle shafts for medium and heavy-duty trucks. Test & Measurement Services: AT&T...... Calibration and certification services at over 600 central and field switching stations. Federal Aviation Administration. Calibration and certification services at over 400 airports. National Weather Service...... Calibration and certification services for all 132 early warning weather radar stations. Bombardier Inc. Electrical current sensors for traction motors on airport shuttles, Amtrak and the New York City subway. Snap-on Incorporated...... Magnetic probes to test engine diagnostics at Sears and AutoZone.

Manufacturing Services

Our manufacturing services typically involve the fabrication or assembly of a product or subassembly according to specifications provided by our customers. We purchase raw materials or components from both independent suppliers and from our customers in connection with performing our manufacturing services.

Our manufacturing capabilities are enhanced by advanced quality and manufacturing techniques, lean manufacturing, just-in-time procurement and continuous flow manufacturing, statistical process control, total quality management, stringent and real-time engineering change control routines and total cycle time reduction techniques.

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Electronics Manufacturing Services. We provide our customers with a broad variety of solutions, from low-volume prototype assembly to high-volume turnkey manufacturing. We employ a multi-disciplined engineering team that provides

comprehensive manufacturing and design support to customers. The manufacturing solutions we offer include design conversion and enhancement, materials procurement, system assembly, testing and final system configuration.

Our manufacturing services contracts for the aerospace & defense electronics market are generally sole-source by part number. Where we are the sole-source provider by part number, we are the exclusive provider to our customer of certain products for the duration of the manufacturing contract.

Industrial Manufacturing Services. We provide our customers with a wide range of capabilities, including automated forging, extruding, machining, induction hardening, heat-treating and testing services to meet the exacting requirements of our customers. We also design and fabricate production tooling, manufacture prototype products and provide other value-added services for our customers.

Our manufacturing services contracts for the truck components & assemblies markets are generally sole-source by part number. Part numbers may be specified for inclusion in a single model or a range of models. Where we are the sole-source provider by part number, we are the exclusive provider to our customer of the specific parts and for any replacements for these parts that may result from a design or model change for the duration of the manufacturing contract.

Technical Services

Test & Measurement Services. We calibrate, repair and certify the test & measurement equipment that is used to maintain wireless communication equipment, control tower radar and direction beacons, NEXRAD Doppler advanced warning weather service radar systems, digital oscilloscopes, microwave equipment and fiber optic measuring equipment, among others. The applications cover the maintenance of cellular communications systems, air traffic control systems, broadband telecommunication systems and quality certification programs in manufacturing operations.

Component Testing Services. We perform a wide-range of testing services on a contract basis, including radio frequency, microwave and mixed signal component testing, environmental testing, dynamics testing and failure analysis, among others. These services are typically performed for components that will be incorporated into final assemblies that require a high level of reliability, such as aerospace and satellite systems.

Engineering Services. We utilize our advanced engineering service capabilities to provide our customers with complete systems solutions that exceed the scope of most manufacturing service companies. We believe that our ability to provide these services, including software development, design services, prototype development, product re-engineering, feature enhancement, product ruggedization, cost reduction, product miniaturization, and electro-magnetic interference and shielding, is instrumental in moving new products to market quickly and consistently. Our engineers perform work on a contract basis for a number of customers, including those requiring a high level of security clearance.

Products

In addition to our outsourced services, we provide some of our customers with specialized products for end-to-end solutions. With the growth of our services business, our product business has increasingly become a smaller portion of our overall net revenue. We expect this trend to continue in the future.

Data Systems. We design and manufacture digital and analog recorders, multiplexers, storage systems and touch screen control software to collect data from intelligence networks, performance data from missile tests, biological data from space flights, sonar data from submarines and flight test data from aircraft.

Encryption Devices. We design and manufacture trunk encryption devices that provide military and intelligence agencies with the ability to transmit voice and data over normal transmission lines with high levels of security.

Magnetics. We design and manufacture current sensors, Hall-effect generators, auto probes and gaussmeters for current measurement applications in homes, locomotives, mass transit systems, elevators, automotive diagnostic systems and laboratory diagnostic systems.

Specialty. We design and manufacture high-pressure closures, transition joints and insulated joints for use in pipeline and chemical systems.

Our Customers

Our customers include large, established companies and agencies of the federal government. We provide some customers with a combination of outsourced services and products, while other customers may be in a single category of our service or product offering. Our five largest customers in 2001, which accounted for 46% of net revenue, were ArvinMeritor, Dana, Honeywell, Lockheed Martin and Raytheon. Our five largest customers in 2000, which accounted for 39% of net revenue, were ArvinMeritor, Honeywell, Lockheed Martin, Northrop Grumman and Raytheon. Our five largest customers in 1999, which accounted for 29% of net revenue, were ArvinMeritor, Honeywell, IBM, Lockheed Martin and Raytheon.

For the year ended December 31, 2001, Raytheon represented approximately 21% of our net revenue, the U.S. Government and Government Agencies, including the National Security Agency, collectively represented approximately 16% of our net revenue and Honeywell represented approximately 11% of our net revenue. Dana represented approximately 6% of our net revenue in 2001, although this only reflects our period of ownership of the Marion operation from the acquisition date on May 31, 2001.

Sales and Business Development

Our principal sources of new business originate from the expansion of existing relationships, referrals and direct sales through senior management, direct sales personnel, domestic and international sales representatives, distributors and market specialists. We supplement these selling efforts with a variety of sales literature, advertising in numerous trade media and participation in trade shows. We also utilize engineering specialists extensively to facilitate the sales process by working with potential customers to reduce the cost of the service they need. Our specialists achieve this objective by working with the customer to improve their product's design for ease of manufacturing, reducing the amount of set up time or material that may be required to produce the product, or by developing software that can automate the test and/or certification process. The award of contracts or programs can be a lengthy process, which in some circumstances can extend well beyond 12 months.

Our objective is to increase the value of the services we provide to the customer on an annual basis beyond the contractual terms that may be contained in a supply agreement. To achieve this objective, we commit to the customer that we will continuously look for ways to reduce the cost, improve the quality, reduce the cycle time and improve the life span of the products and/or services we supply the customer. Our ability to deliver on this commitment over time is expected to have a significant impact on customer satisfaction, loyalty and follow-on business.

Backlog

Our order backlog at December 31, 2001 was \$162.3 million as compared to order backlog at December 31, 2000 of \$160.8 million. Backlog for the Electronics Group and the Industrial Group at December 31, 2001 was \$118.5 million and \$43.8 million, respectively. Backlog for the Electronics Group and the Industrial Group at December 31, 2000 was \$143.2 million and \$17.6 million, respectively. Backlog consists of firm purchase orders with scheduled delivery dates and quantities. Total backlog at December 31, 2001 included \$131.0 million for orders that are expected to be filled within 12 months. Our backlog has varied from quarter to quarter and may vary significantly in the future as a result of the timing of significant new orders and/or shipments, order cancellations, material availability and other factors.

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competitive and we compete against numerous domestic companies in addition to the internal capabilities of some of our customers. In the aerospace & defense electronics market, we compete primarily against LaBarge, Inc., Primus Technologies Corporation, SMTEK International, Inc., Sparton Corporation and Teledyne Technologies Incorporated. In the truck components & assemblies market, we compete primarily against companies such as Mid-West Forge, Inc., Spencer Forge and Machine, Inc. and Traxle Manufacturing, Inc. In the test & measurement services market, we compete primarily against SIMCO Electronics, Transmation, Inc. and a variety of small, local, independent laboratories. We may face new competitors in the future as the outsourcing industry evolves and existing or start-up companies develop capabilities similar to ours.

We believe that the principal competitive factors in our markets include the availability of capacity, technological capability, flexibility and timeliness in responding to design and schedule changes, price, quality, delivery and financial strength. Although we believe that we generally compete favorably with respect to each of these factors, some of our competitors are larger and have greater financial and operating resources than we do. Some of our competitors have greater geographic breadth and range of services than we do. We also face competition from manufacturing operations of our current and potential customers, who continually evaluate the relative benefits of internal manufacturing compared to outsourcing. We believe our competitive position to be good and the barriers to entry to be high in the markets we serve.

Suppliers

We attempt to utilize standard parts, components and materials that are available from multiple vendors. However, certain components and materials used in our manufacturing services are currently available only from single sources, and other components and materials are available from only a limited number of sources. Despite the risks associated with purchasing from single sources or from a limited number of sources, we have made the strategic decision to select single source or limited source suppliers in order to obtain lower pricing, receive more timely delivery and maintain quality control. In cases where unanticipated customer demand or supply shortages occur, we attempt to arrange for alternative sources of supply, where available, or defer planned production to meet the anticipated availability of the critical component or material. However, there can be no assurance that supply interruptions will not slow production, delay shipments to our customers or increase costs in the future, any of which could adversely affect our financial results.

Steel is a major component of our cost of sales and net revenue for the truck components & assemblies business. We purchase the majority of our steel for use in this business at the direction of our customers, with any periodic changes in the price of steel being reflected in the prices we are paid for our services, such that we neither benefit from nor are harmed by any future changes in the price of steel. We believe that we have adequate sources for the supply of raw materials for our manufacturing needs. Our raw materials, including steel, are available within the geographic regions of our operating facilities from numerous qualified sources in quantities sufficient for our needs.

Research and Development

Our research and development activities are mainly related to our product lines that serve the aerospace & defense electronics markets. Most of the expenditures related to our outsourced services are for process improvements and are not reflected in research and development expense. Accordingly, our research and development expense represents a relatively small percentage of our net revenue. We invested \$3.1 million, \$3.6 million and \$6.4 million in research and development in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. We also utilize our research and development capability to develop processes and technologies for the benefit of our customers.

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Patents, Trademarks and Licenses

We own and are licensed under a number of patents and trademarks that we believe are sufficient for our operations. Our business as a whole is not materially dependent upon any one patent, trademark, license or technologically related group of patents or licenses.

We regard our manufacturing processes and certain designs as proprietary trade secrets and confidential information. We rely largely upon a combination of trade secret laws, non-disclosure agreements with customers, suppliers and consultants, and our internal security systems, confidentiality procedures and employee confidentiality agreements to maintain the trade secrecy of our designs and manufacturing processes.

Government Regulation

Our operations are subject to compliance with regulatory requirements of federal, state and local authorities, including regulations concerning labor relations, health and safety matters and protection of the environment. While compliance with applicable regulations has not adversely affected our operations in the past, there can be no assurance that we will continue to be in compliance in the future or that these regulations will not change. Current costs of compliance are not material to us.

We must comply with detailed government procurement and contracting regulations and with U.S. Government security regulations, certain of which carry substantial penalty provisions for nonperformance or misrepresentation in the course of negotiations. Our failure to comply with our government procurement, contracting or security obligations could result in penalties or our suspension from government contracting, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

We are required to maintain a U.S. Government security clearance at several of our locations. This clearance could be suspended or revoked if we were found not to be in compliance with applicable security regulations. Any such revocation or suspension would delay our delivery of products to customers. Although we have adopted policies directed at ensuring our compliance with applicable regulations and there have been no suspensions or revocations at any of our facilities, there can be no assurance that the approved status of our facilities will continue without interruption.

We are also subject to comprehensive and changing federal, state and local environmental requirements, including those governing discharges to the air and water, the handling and disposal of solid and hazardous wastes and the remediation of contamination associated with releases of hazardous substances. We use hazardous substances in our operations and as is the case with manufacturers in general, if a release of hazardous substances occurs on or from our properties, we may be held liable and may be required to pay the cost of remedying the condition. The amount of any resulting liability could be material.

Employees

As of December 31, 2001, we had a total of approximately 1,650 employees, 1,105 engaged in manufacturing, 60 engaged in sales and marketing, 180 engaged in engineering and 305 engaged in administration. Approximately 600 of our employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements with various unions that expire on various dates through 2006. We generally consider our relationship with employees to be good. On occasion we may be subject to strikes or labor contract interruptions, however, none has had a material impact on our operations. In October 2001, we experienced a strike by approximately 115 of our 303 Teamsters union employees at our Tampa, Florida facility, resulting in the subsequent replacement of the striking workers. Although we believe overall that our relations with our labor unions are positive, there can be no assurance that present and future issues with our unions will be resolved favorably or that we will not experience a work stoppage, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

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Item 2. Properties

Our principal manufacturing services operations are engaged in electronics manufacturing services for our aerospace & defense customers and industrial manufacturing services for our truck components & assemblies customers.

The following chart indicates the significant facilities that we own or lease, the location and size of each such facility and the manufacturing certifications that each facility possesses or is in process of obtaining. The

facilities listed below (other than the corporate office) are used principally as manufacturing facilities. Substantially all of our assets secure borrowings under our credit facility.

Location	Market Served	Own or Lease (Expiration)	Approximate Square Feet	Certifications
porate Office:				
Louisville, Kentucky		Lease (2008)	9,000	
ufacturing Facilities:				
Louisville, Kentucky	Truck Components & Assemblies	Own	467,000	ISO 9002 QS 9000 ISO 9001*
Tampa, Florida	Aerospace & Defense Electronics	Lease (2007)	308,000	ISO 9001 AS 9000 NHB5300.4 MIL-Q-9858A MIL-STD-2000A MIL-STD 45662 MIL-STD 801D
Marion, Ohio	Truck Components & Assemblies	Own	255,000	QS 9000*
Orlando, Florida	Test & Measurement Services	Own	62,000	ISO 9001 ISO 9002 ISO 17025/Guide 2 MIL-STD 750 MIL-STD 883 MIL-STD 202 MIL-STD 810
Littleton, Colorado	Aerospace & Defense Electronics	Lease (2002)	57,000	ISO 9001
Monrovia, California	Aerospace & Defense Electronics	Lease (2004)	35,000	ISO 9001

* Certification in process.

In addition, we lease space in 21 other facilities primarily utilized to provide technical services, all of which are located in the United States. We also own 13 ISO-certified mobile calibration units and one ISO-certified transportable field calibration unit that are utilized to provide test & measurement services at customer locations throughout the U.S., the Caribbean and the South Pacific. We believe that our facilities and equipment are in good condition and reasonably suited and adequate for our current needs.

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Below is a listing and description of the various manufacturing certifications or specifications that we utilize at our facilities.

Certification/Specification	Description
ISO 9001	A certification process comprised of 20 quality system requirements to ensure quality in the areas of design, development, production, installation and servicing of products.
ISO 9002	A certification process similar to the ISO 9001 requirements, but it applies principally to manufacturing services as opposed to engineering services.
AS 9000	${\tt A}$ quality management system developed by the aerospace industry to measure supplier conformance with basic common acceptable aerospace quality requirements.
QS 9000	A certification process developed by the nation's major automakers that focuses on continuous improvement, defect reduction, variation reduction and elimination of waste.
ISO 17025/Guide 25	A certification process commonly referred to as A2LA, which sets out general provisions that a laboratory must address to carry out specific calibrations or tests and provides laboratories with direction for the development of a fundamental quality management system.
NHB5300.4	A specification for space programs designated by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
MIL	A specification that signifies specific functions or processes that are conducted in compliance with military specifications, such as a quality program, high-reliability soldering, calibration and metrology, and environmental testing.

We are involved from time to time in litigation and other legal or environmental proceedings incidental to our business. Ongoing legal or environmental proceedings include the following:

Legal Proceedings. Our Sypris Technologies subsidiary, formerly Tube Turns Technologies, Inc., is a co-defendant in two lawsuits arising out of an explosion at a coker plant owned by Exxon Mobil Corporation located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. In each of these lawsuits, it is alleged that a carbon steel pipe elbow that we manufactured was improperly installed and, the failure of which caused the explosion. One of the actions was brought by Exxon Mobil in 1994 in state district court in Louisiana and claims damages for destruction of the plant, which Exxon Mobil estimates exceed one hundred million dollars. We are a co-defendant in this action with the fabricator who built the pipeline into which the elbow was incorporated and with the general contractor for the plant. The second action is a class action suit also filed in 1994 in federal court in Louisiana on behalf of the residents living around the plant and claims unspecified damages. We are a co-defendant in this action with Exxon Mobil, the contractor and the fabricator. In both actions, we maintain that the carbon steel pipe elbow at issue was appropriately marked as carbon steel and was improperly installed, without our knowledge, by the fabricator and general contractor in circumstances that required the use of a chromium steel elbow. Although we believe these defenses to be meritorious, there can be no assurance that we will not be found liable for some or all of the alleged damages. If we were to be found liable and the damages exceeded available insurance coverage, the impact could materially and adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Environmental Proceedings. We are involved from time to time in environmental proceedings relating to properties owned or operated by us. The following is a summary of the environmental proceedings currently pending with respect to our facilities:

. Our Marion, Ohio facility is subject to soil and groundwater contamination involving petroleum compounds, semi-volatile and volatile organic compounds, certain metals, PCBs and other contaminants, some of which exceed the State of Ohio voluntary action program standards applicable to the site. We continue to test and assess this site to determine the extent of this contamination by the

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prior owners of the facility. Under our purchase agreement for this facility, Dana has agreed to indemnify us for environmental conditions which existed on the site as of closing, provided we notify Dana of the existence of such matters by December 31, 2002.

- . A leased facility we formerly occupied in Tampa, Florida is currently subject to remediation activities related to ground water contamination involving methylene chloride and other volatile organic compounds which occurred prior to our use of the facility. The contamination extends beyond the boundaries of the facility. In December 1986, Honeywell, a prior operator of the facility, entered into a consent order with the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation under which Honeywell agreed to take corrective actions to remediate the contamination, the full scope of which have not yet been determined. We purchased the assets of a business formerly located on this leased site and operated that business from 1993 until December 1994. Philips Electronics, the seller, has agreed to indemnify us with respect to environmental matters arising from groundwater contamination at the site.
- . In December 1992, we acquired certain business assets located at a facility in Littleton, Colorado. Certain chlorinated solvents disposed of on the site by Honeywell, a previous owner of the business, have contaminated the ground water at and around the site. Alliant Techsystems, from which we acquired the facility, operates a remediation system approved by the State of Colorado and has also entered into a consent order with the EPA providing for additional investigation at the site. Alliant Techsystems has agreed to indemnify us with respect to these matters.

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 2001.

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PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder $$\operatorname{\mathsf{Matters}}$$

Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "SYPR." The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low closing sale prices per share of our common stock as reported by the Nasdaq National Market.

	High	Low
Year ended December 31, 2000:		
First Quarter	\$11.000	\$8.875
Second Quarter	\$10.750	\$8.625
Third Quarter	\$10.625	\$8.625
Fourth Quarter	\$ 8.750	\$6.188
Year ended December 31, 2001:		
First Quarter	\$ 8.000	\$4.000
Second Quarter	\$ 8.220	\$3.750
Third Quarter	\$10.550	\$7.500
Fourth Quarter		\$9.800

As of January 28, 2002, there were 982 holders of record of our common stock.

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not plan to pay any cash dividends in the near future. Our current policy is to retain all earnings to finance future growth.

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Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected historical consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto in Item 8, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Item 7 and other financial information included elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

		Years ended December 31,										
	2001	2000	1999	1998 (1)	1997 (1,2)							
		(in thousan	ds, except for	per share data)								
Income Statement Data:												
Net revenue	\$ 254,640	\$ 216,571	\$ 202,130	\$ 211,625	\$ 217,355							
Gross profit	43,547	40,313	44,949	47,923	32,135							
Operating income	13,030	5,477	14,166	12,851	1,785							
Income from continuing operations	6,367	3,184	9,556	7,446	1,527							
Discontinued operations, net of tax					3,817							
Net income	6.367	3.184	9.556	7.446	5.344							

Per share data:

Income from continuing operations:

Basic	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.33	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.09
Diluted	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.09
Net income:					
Basic	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.33	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.50
Diluted	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.48

			December 31,		
	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997 (1)
			(in thousands)		
Balance Sheet Data:					
Working capital Total assets Total debt.	\$ 67,325 211,444 87,500	\$ 58,602 179,122 65,000	\$ 53,705 148,564 54,400	\$ 32,121 121,119 28,583	\$ 35,123 120,608 31,340
Total stockholders' equity	70,120	64,205	60,820	49,359	27,728

(1) For periods ended prior to March 30, 1998:

- . The consolidated financial statements of our predecessor are included in the presentation of selected consolidated financial data as our predecessor was deemed to be the acquirer for accounting purposes in our reorganization.
- . The computation of net income per share has been adjusted to exclude the minority interests reflected in the historical financial statements of our predecessor.
- . Shares used in computing per share amounts reflect our one-for-four reverse stock split that occurred on March 30, 1998, and include the outstanding shares of our common stock as of March 30, 1998 and the dilution associated with common stock options issued prior to that date.
- (2) For the year ended December 31, 1997:
 - Our consolidated financial statements included certain Latin American operations which were sold on June 30, 1997. After reflecting pro forma adjustments related to the Latin American operations, our net revenue for 1997 was \$200,424,000 and our net income was \$5,014,000.
 - . The results of operations of our real estate segment are presented as discontinued operations in our consolidated financial statements. The divestiture of all operations related to our real estate segment was completed in March 1997.

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The following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition should be read together with the other financial information and consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-K. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors, including those discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

As of January 1, 2002, we changed the name of our four major operating subsidiaries as part of a comprehensive branding initiative. The new names of our four subsidiaries are Sypris Data Systems, Inc., formerly Metrum-Datatape, Inc.; Sypris Electronics, LLC, formerly Group Technologies Corporation; Sypris Technologies, Inc., formerly Tube Turns Technologies, Inc.; and Sypris Test & Measurement, Inc., formerly Bell Technologies, Inc.

Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 of this Form 10-K. We believe our most critical accounting policies include revenue recognition and cost estimation on certain contracts for which we use a percentage of

completion, units of delivery method of accounting. This accounting method is applied by our Electronics Group for outsourced services provided under multi-year contracts with aerospace & defense customers. Approximately 53%, 49% and 45% of total net revenue was recognized under the percentage of completion, units of delivery method of accounting during 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Revenue is recognized on these contracts when units are delivered to the customer, with unit revenue derived based upon the total contract revenue and total units to be delivered over the life of the contract. The corresponding recognition of cost of sales for the delivered units is based upon our estimates of costs to be incurred for the total contract. Under this approach, we compare estimated costs to complete an entire contract to total net revenue for the term of the contract to arrive at an estimated gross margin percentage for each contract. Each month, the estimated gross margin percentage is applied to the cumulative net revenue recognized on the contract to arrive at cost of sales for the period. Management reviews these estimates monthly and the effect of any change in the estimated gross margin percentage for a contract is reflected in cost of sales in the period in which the change is known. Such changes to these estimates have not been material to our quarterly results of operations during the three year period ended December 31, 2001. If increases in projected costs-to-complete are sufficient to create a loss contract, the entire estimated loss is charged to operations in the period the loss first becomes known. Additionally, our reserve for excess and obsolete inventory is primarily based upon forecasted demand for our products and any change to the reserve arising from forecast revisions is reflected in cost of sales in the period the revision is made.

The complexity of the estimation process and all issues related to the assumptions, risks and uncertainties inherent with the application of the percentage of completion, units of delivery method of accounting affect the amounts reported in our financial statements. A number of internal and external factors affect our cost of sales estimates, including labor rate and efficiency variances, revised estimates of warranty costs, estimated future material prices and customer specification and testing requirement changes. If our business conditions were different, or if we used different assumptions in the application of this and other accounting policies, it is likely that materially different amounts would be reported in our financial statements.

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Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain data from the Company's consolidated income statements for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, expressed as a percentage of net revenue:

	Years	ended Decemb	er 31,
		2000	
Net revenue: Electronics Group	81.4% 18.6		81.6% 18.4
Total net revenue Cost of sales		100.0	
Gross profit	1.2	12.4 1.6 0.7	
Operating income	5.1%		7.0%
Net income	2.5%	1.5	4.7%

Net Revenue. Net revenue was \$254.6 million in 2001, an increase of \$38.0 million, or 17.6%, from \$216.6 million in 2000. Backlog at December 31, 2001 was \$162.3 million, an increase of \$1.5 million from \$160.8 million at December 31, 2000. Backlog for our Electronics Group and Industrial Group at December 31, 2001 was \$118.5 million and \$43.8 million, respectively.

Net revenue for our Electronics Group in 2001 was \$207.3 million, an increase of \$25.2 million, or 13.8%, from \$182.1 million in 2000. The increase in net revenue was primarily from contracts with aerospace & defense customers for manufacturing services, which generated an increase of \$28.7 million in 2001 over the prior year. Other outsourced services accounted for an increase in net revenue of \$0.5 million during 2001. Product sales accounted for a decrease in net revenue of \$4.0 million during 2001, primarily due to reduced sales quantities for data systems products.

Net revenue for our Industrial Group in 2001 was \$47.3 million, an increase of \$12.8 million, or 37.5%, from \$34.5 million in 2000. During May 2001, we acquired certain manufacturing assets and inventory from Dana for approximately \$11.5 million in cash. The assets are used to produce fully machined, heavy-duty truck axle shafts and other drive train components for integration into subassemblies produced for leading truck manufacturers. This business generated outsourced services revenue of \$17.7 million during 2001. Excluding the acquisition, the Industrial Group's net revenue declined \$4.9 million in 2001 from the prior year. The decrease in net revenue was primarily due to a decline in outsourced services provided to customers in the heavy-duty truck market. Unfavorable market conditions that arose during the second half of 2000 for heavy-duty truck production resulted in an industry-wide market decrease of approximately 40% by the second half of 2001 and reduced the volume of axles we supplied to that market. We expect demand in the heavy-duty truck market to remain weak during 2002; however, further significant declines in demand are not anticipated. During 2002, we expect to ramp-up production for new and certain existing customers on additional forging and machining equipment we installed during 2001. The increased production volume from these opportunities, combined with the full year impact of the acquisition from Dana, is expected to result in higher revenue for our Industrial Group in 2002 as compared to 2001.

Gross Profit. Gross profit in 2001 was \$43.5 million, an increase of \$3.2 million, or 8.0%, from \$40.3 million in 2000. Gross margin in 2001 declined to 17.1% from 18.6% in 2000.

Gross profit for our Electronics Group in 2001 was \$37.4 million, an increase of \$1.1 million, or 3.1%, from \$36.3 million in 2000. The increase in manufacturing services revenue generated an increase in gross profit of \$3.8 million, while gross profit from other outsourced services decreased \$0.6 million. Gross margin in 2001 declined to 18.0% from 19.9% in 2000. Manufacturing services comprised approximately 59% of our Electronics

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Group's revenue in 2001 as compared to approximately 51% in 2000. Gross margin from manufacturing services improved slightly over the prior year; however, since gross margin on manufacturing services is lower than other outsourced services, the change in revenue mix contributed to the decrease in gross margin. Another factor in the gross margin decline was a slight decrease in gross margin on other outsourced services, primarily due to adverse economic conditions impacting demand and pricing for certain services provided to our customers. Gross profit from product sales decreased \$2.1 million during 2001, primarily due to reduced demand for certain product offerings.

Gross profit for our Industrial Group in 2001 was \$6.1 million, an increase of \$2.1 million or 52.5% from \$4.0 million in 2000. Excluding the acquisition from Dana, gross profit declined \$0.9 million in 2001 primarily due to the downturn of the heavy-duty truck market. The reduction in demand and corresponding impact on shipments occurred as our organizational infrastructure to support future growth plans was being developed. The increased cost structure associated with the additional people and systems required to meet future contractual requirements and the underabsorption of overhead due to the volume decline resulted in a decline in our gross margin, excluding the impact of the operation acquired from Dana, to 10.6% in 2001, as compared to 11.7% for the prior year. Gross margin for our Industrial Group during 2001 including the operation acquired from Dana was 13.0%.

Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expense in 2001 was \$26.1 million, or 10.3% of net revenue, as compared to \$26.9 million, or 12.4% of net revenue in 2000. Although net revenue increased 17.6% from 2000 to 2001 and the acquisition from Dana added approximately \$1.0 million to selling, general and administrative expense during 2001, our total selling, general and administrative spending decreased by \$0.8 million, or 2.8%. The decline in selling, general and administrative expense was primarily attributable to decreased selling expenses and commissions related to lower product sales for our Electronics Group, decreased marketing costs and cost reductions in both our Electronics Group and Industrial Group in response to the general weakness in the U.S. economy.

Research and Development. Research and development expense in 2001 was \$3.1 million, or 1.2% of net revenue, as compared to \$3.6 million, or 1.6% of net revenue in 2000. The decrease in research and development expense was attributable to our Electronics Group, and was related to the quantity and timing of new product releases for the data systems product lines and the increased utilization of strategic alliances with suppliers for product development.

Amortization of Intangible Assets. Amortization of intangible assets in 2001 was \$1.3\$ million, a decrease of \$0.1\$ million, or 7.5% compared to \$1.4\$ million in 2000.

Special Charges. Special charges of \$2.9 million were recognized during 2000 for activities related to the consolidation of certain operations within our Electronics Group. The consolidation activities were completed in 2000 and no such charges were recognized in 2001.

Interest Expense, Net. Interest expense in 2001 was \$4.1 million, an increase of \$0.1 million, or 1.9%, from \$4.0 million in 2000. Interest expense attributable to increased borrowings during 2001 was offset by a reduction in interest rates and the capitalization of interest incurred on our Industrial Group's capital expenditure program. Our weighted average debt outstanding increased to approximately \$74.5 million during 2001 from approximately \$58.7 million in 2000. This increase reflected the \$11.5 million acquisition from Dana made by our Industrial Group in May 2001 and capital expenditures during 2000 and 2001 to support new business opportunities. The weighted average interest rate in 2001 was approximately 7.1% as compared to approximately 8.3% for the prior year. Capitalized interest in 2001 was \$1.8 million as compared to \$0.9 million in 2000.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense was \$2.9 million in 2001 as compared to an income tax benefit of \$1.4 million in 2000. The effective tax rate in 2001 was \$31.4\$. The effective tax rate for 2001 and the income tax benefit in 2000 reflect research and development tax credits, foreign sales corporation tax benefits and a reduction in the Company's valuation allowance on deferred tax assets. The reduction in the valuation allowance for 2001 and 2000 was \$0.3 million and \$3.0 million, respectively.

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Year Ended December 31, 2000 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 1999

Net Revenue. Net revenue was \$216.6 million in 2000, an increase of \$14.5 million, or 7.1%, from \$202.1 million in 1999. Backlog at December 31, 2000 was \$160.8 million, an increase of \$33.8 million from \$127.0 million at December 31, 1999. Backlog for our Electronics Group and Industrial Group at December 31, 2000 was \$143.2 million and \$17.6 million, respectively.

Net revenue for our Electronics Group in 2000 was \$182.1 million, an increase of \$17.2 million or 10.4% from \$164.9 million in 1999. The increase in net revenue was generated primarily from new contracts for manufacturing services and the expansion of calibration services resulting from the acquisition from Lucent. Production on several new manufacturing service contracts, mainly with aerospace & defense customers, began to ramp-up during 2000, generating a \$16.2 million increase in revenue. The acquired calibration business added a fleet of mobile calibration labs to the Electronics Group's service capabilities and accounted for an \$8.4 million increase in revenue during 2000. The increase in service revenue was partially offset by a \$6.5 million decrease in product revenue, primarily due to reduced sales quantities for the Electronics Group's data systems products, which began to decline in 1999 and continued to decline throughout 2000. The reduced level of demand

reflects an overall market decline and increased competition. Other outsourced services and product sales accounted for a net \$0.9\$ million decrease in net revenue during 2000.

Net revenue for our Industrial Group was \$34.5 million, a decrease of \$2.7 million, or 7.3%, from \$37.2 million in 1999. The decrease in net revenue was primarily due to a decline in outsourced services provided to customers in the heavy-duty truck market. Market conditions in North America for heavy-duty truck production were negatively impacted by oil prices, interest rates and an excess inventory of new and used trucks, resulting in an overall market decrease of approximately 40%. This reduced the volume of forged truck axles provided under manufacturing service agreements and accounted for a \$4.0 million decrease in net revenue, the majority of which occurred during the second half of 2000. Revenue derived from manufacturing services in other markets increased by \$0.5 million and fabricated product sales increased by \$0.8 million. During 1999 and 2000, our Industrial Group invested approximately \$22.6 million to expand its forging capacity and add new machining capabilities.

Gross Profit. Gross profit in 2000 was \$40.3 million, a decrease of \$4.6 million, or 10.3%, from \$44.9 million in 1999. Gross margin in 2000 was 18.6% of net revenue, as compared to 22.2% of net revenue in 1999.

Gross profit for our Electronics Group in 2000 was \$36.3 million, or 19.9% of net revenue, as compared to \$37.9 million, or 23.0% of net revenue in 1999. The \$1.6 million decrease in gross profit in 2000 was primarily due to volume reductions and increased costs on data systems products and increased costs on manufacturing service contracts. Volume declines for data systems products, related underabsorbed overhead costs and manufacturing inefficiencies arising from the transfer of production following the consolidation of two facilities during the first half of 2000 contributed to a \$5.0 million decline in gross profit. This reduction was substantially offset by increased gross profit from the growth in the manufacturing and calibration service revenue. The additional volume generated increased gross profit of \$4.4 million which was offset by increased costs of \$1.0 million associated with the following three primary factors. First, shortages and extended lead times for the purchase of certain electronic components resulted in manufacturing inefficiencies due to the unpredictability of scheduling receipts of allocated components from vendors. Second, the number of new program start-ups increased substantially during 2000 as compared to the prior year. Manufacturing inefficiencies on new programs generally result in lower gross margins during the start-up phase and margins typically improve as the programs mature. Third, additional costs incurred to make the necessary investments in people, equipment and processes to support the record level of backlog also reduced gross profit in 2000.

Gross profit for our Industrial Group in 2000 was \$4.0 million, or 11.7% of net revenue, as compared to \$7.0 million, or 19.0% of net revenue in 1999. The \$3.0 million decrease in gross profit was primarily due to the downturn of the heavy-duty truck market. The reduction in demand and corresponding impact on shipments occurred as the organizational infrastructure to support future growth plans was being developed. The increased cost structure associated with the additional people and systems required to meet future contractual requirements and the underabsorption of overhead due to the volume decline resulted in low gross margin levels, particularly during the second half of 2000.

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Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expense in 2000 was \$26.9 million, or 12.4% of net revenue, as compared to \$23.4 million, or 11.5% of net revenue in 1999. The increase in selling, general and administrative expense was attributable primarily to our Electronics Group, which reported an increase of \$2.9 million. Investments in the organizational infrastructure as discussed above also include certain selling, general and administrative expenses, the majority of which were within our Electronics Group. Selling expenses incurred for marketing and bid and proposal activities during 2000 exceeded prior year amounts and were a contributing factor to the increased orders and net revenue in 2000.

Research and Development. Research and development expense in 2000 was \$3.6 million, or 1.6% of net revenue, as compared to \$6.4 million, or 3.2% of net revenue in 1999. This decrease was attributable to our Electronics Group, and relates to the quantity and timing of new product releases for the data systems product lines and the utilization of strategic alliances with suppliers for product development.

Amortization of Intangible Assets. Amortization of intangible assets in 2000 was \$1.4 million, an increase of \$0.4 million, or 45.6% compared to \$1.0 million in 1999. This increase resulted from the amortization of goodwill recorded in connection with the acquisition from Lucent.

Special Charges. Special charges of \$2.9 million were recognized during 2000 for activities related to the consolidation of certain operations within our Electronics Group. Operations for the data systems product lines have been conducted at two facilities since the November 1997 acquisition that expanded this business. Although several consolidation actions were implemented immediately following this acquisition, management identified potential cost savings in 2000 that could be realized through the elimination of redundant manufacturing operations and staffing of functional areas between the two facilities. The consolidation activities were substantially completed during the first nine months of 2000. The special charges incurred for these activities include workforce reductions, facilities rearrangement and relocation expenses, and employment costs related to the transfer of production.

Interest Expense, Net. Interest expense in 2000 was \$4.0 million, an increase of \$2.3 million, or 133%, from \$1.7 million in 1999. The increase in interest expense was primarily due to an increase in the weighted average debt outstanding coupled with an increase in interest rates. Our weighted average debt outstanding more than doubled to approximately \$58.7 million in 2000 from approximately \$28.4 million in 1999. This increase resulted primarily from the acquisition from Lucent, working capital funding related to the increase in revenue and order backlog and capital expenditures during 1999 and 2000 to support new business opportunities. The weighted average interest rate for 2000 was approximately 8.3% as compared to approximately 6.1% for the prior year. The year-to-year rate change includes an increase in the margin paid on outstanding borrowings of approximately 100 basis points under the terms of the Company's credit agreement.

Income Taxes. An income tax benefit of approximately \$1.4 million was recognized during 2000 as compared to income tax expense of \$3.1 million during 1999. The tax benefit during 2000 was primarily due to a \$3.0 million reduction in our valuation allowance on deferred tax assets. Certain issues related to our consolidated federal taxable income were resolved during 2000, which gave rise to the elimination of the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets related to federal income tax temporary differences. We also recognized a tax benefit during 2000 of approximately \$0.3 million for research and development tax credits. The provision for income taxes in 1999 included a reduction in the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets of \$1.9 million and a benefit for research and development tax credits of \$0.6 million.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Financial Condition

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$8.5 million in 2001, as compared to \$8.1 million in 2000. Accounts receivable increased by \$8.5 million, primarily due to increased revenue and the acquisition from Dana completed in May 2001. Inventory increased by \$3.5 million, excluding the fair value of inventory acquired in the Dana transaction. Accounts payable increased \$3.6 million, excluding the impact of open accounts payable at each year-end related to capital expenditures. The increases in inventory and accounts payable are primarily attributable to the revenue increase in our business.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$32.9 million in 2001 as compared to \$14.9 million for the prior year. The increase was primarily attributable to the \$11.5 million acquisition from Dana. Capital expenditures for our Electronics Group and Industrial Group totaled \$7.9 million and \$19.5 million, respectively, in 2001. Capital

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expenditures for our Electronics Group were principally comprised of manufacturing, assembly and test equipment. Our Industrial Group's capital expenditures included new forging and machining equipment to increase and expand the range of production capabilities. Our Industrial Group invested \$19.5 million, \$15.5 million and \$7.1 million during 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively, in facilities, equipment and systems to support our growth in the truck components & assemblies market. We substantially completed the investments for this growth during 2001, which provides us with the capacity to serve the requirements of our existing multi-year contracts with ArvinMeritor and Dana and

allows us the opportunity to undertake similarly large contracts from new customers. We completed sale and leaseback transactions with members of our bank group during each of the last two years for certain machinery and equipment. Proceeds from the sale of these assets in 2001 and 2000 were \$5.4 million and \$9.3 million, respectively. We entered into operating leases for the related assets for periods ranging from five to nine years. We also received \$1.4 million in 2001 for the sale of certain assets by the Electronics Group.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$23.0 million during 2001 as compared to \$11.1 million during the prior year. Our outstanding debt increased \$22.5 million during 2001, primarily to fund the acquisition from Dana and capital expenditures.

We had total availability for borrowings and letters of credit under the revolving credit facility of \$12.5 million at December 31, 2001, which, when combined with the cash balance of \$13.2 million, provides for total cash and borrowing capacity of \$25.7 million. Maximum borrowings on the revolving credit facility are \$100.0 million, subject to a \$15.0 million limit for letters of credit. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility may be used to finance working capital requirements, acquisitions and for general corporate purposes, including capital expenditures. Most acquisitions require the approval of our bank group.

Our principal commitments at December 31, 2001 consisted of repayments of borrowings under the credit agreement and obligations under operating leases for certain of our real property and equipment. We also had purchase commitments totaling approximately \$5.0 million at December 31, 2001, primarily for manufacturing equipment. During 2001 and 2000, we financed approximately \$26.3 million of machinery and equipment through operating leases with our bank group. Our minimum commitments on operating leases with initial or remaining terms greater than one year, including all real and personal property leases, total \$7.0 million for 2002, \$22.0 million for 2003 through 2006, and \$9.2 million for 2007 and thereafter.

We believe that sufficient resources will be available to satisfy our cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. Cash requirements for periods beyond the next twelve months depend on our profitability, ability to manage working capital requirements and rate of growth. If we make significant acquisitions or if working capital and capital expenditure requirements exceed expected levels during the next twelve months or in subsequent periods, we may require additional external sources of capital. There can be no assurance that any additional required financing will be available through bank borrowings, debt or equity financings or otherwise, or that if such financing is available, it will be available on terms acceptable to us. If adequate funds are not available on acceptable terms, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, "Business Combinations" and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." Under the new rules, goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are no longer amortized but are reviewed annually for impairment. Separable intangible assets that are not deemed to have an indefinite life will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. The amortization provisions of SFAS No. 142 apply to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001. With respect to goodwill and intangible assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001, we will apply the new accounting rules beginning January 1, 2002. We will perform the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets as of January 1, 2002. We currently do not expect any significant loss as a result of the impairment tests. We will be required to test the value of our goodwill at least annually. These tests will involve estimates related to the fair market value of the business with which the goodwill is associated. We anticipate that substantially all amortization of intangible assets as a charge to earnings will be eliminated beginning January 1, 2002.

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Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

On July 26, 2001, we entered into interest rate swap agreements with a syndicate of banks that effectively convert a portion of our variable rate debt

to a fixed rate basis through July 2003. We entered into interest rate swap agreements as a means to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. Approximately 34% (\$30.0 million) of our outstanding debt was covered under the interest rate swap agreements at December 31, 2001. We are exposed to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Excluding the borrowings included in the interest rate swap agreements, all other borrowings under our credit agreement bear interest at a variable rate based on the prime rate, the London Interbank Offered Rate, or certain alternative short-term rates, plus a margin (2.0% at December 31, 2001) based upon our leverage ratio. An increase in interest rates of 100 basis points would result in additional interest expense of approximately \$0.6 million on an annualized basis, based upon our debt outstanding at December 31, 2001. The vast majority of our transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars; as such, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates have historically had little impact on us. Inflation has not been a significant factor in our operations in any of the periods presented, and it is not expected to affect operations in the future.

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Item 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Directors and Stockholders Sypris Solutions, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sypris Solutions, Inc. as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 14(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Sypris Solutions, Inc. at December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Louisville, Kentucky January 28, 2002

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (in thousands, except for per share data)

	Yea	rs en	ded Decembe	r 31,	
	2001				1999
Net revenue: Outsourced services Products			168,216 48,355		150,139 51,991
Total net revenue	254,640		216,571		202,130
Cost of sales: Outsourced services Products	181,818 29,275		145,059 31,199		127,153 30,028
Total cost of sales	211,093		176,258		157,181
Gross profit			40,313		
Selling, general and administrative Research and development Amortization of intangible assets Special charges	26,134 3,054 1,329		26,881 3,574 1,436 2,945		6,409 986
Operating income	13,030		5,477		14,166
Interest expense, net Other income, net	4,111 (358)		4,035 (344)		1,730 (219)
Income before income taxes			1,786		12,655
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,910		(1,398)		3,099
Net income	\$ 6,367	\$	3,184	\$	9,556
Net income per common share: Basic Diluted	\$ 0.65 \$ 0.63	\$	0.33	\$	1.00 0.97
Shares used in computing per common share amounts: Basic Diluted	9,828 10,028		9,671 9,964		.,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except for share data)

	2001	2000
ASSETS		
urrent assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,232	\$ 14,674
Accounts receivable, net	39,758	31,896
Inventory, net	60,574	51,055
Other current assets	7,991	7,695
Total current assets	121,555	105,320
roperty, plant and equipment, net	70,452	54,317
ntangible assets, net	15,926	17,154
ther assets	3,511	2,331
their addition		
	\$ 211,444 	\$ 179 , 122
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
urrent liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 26,828	\$ 25,670
Accrued liabilities	19,902	18,548
Current portion of long-term debt	7,500	2,500
Total current liabilities	54,230	46,718
ong-term debt	80,000	62,500
ther liabilities	7,094	5,699
Total liabilities	141,324	114,917
10001 11001110100	111,021	111,31
ommitments and contingencies		
tockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 1,000,000 shares		
authorized; no shares issued		
shares authorized; no shares issued		
9,898,675 and 9,709,669 shares issued and outstanding in 2001 and 2000, respectively	99	97
Additional paid-in capital	25,490	24,401
Retained earnings	46,427	40,060
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,896)	(353
Total stockholders' equity	70,120	64,205
	\$ 211,444	\$ 179,122

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,								
	2001	2001 2000		2001 2000		2001 2000		2001 2000	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	\$ 6,367	\$ 3,184	\$ 9,556						
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization	9,856	9,351	7,582						
Deferred income taxes	479	(2,478)	(645)						
Provision for excess and obsolete inventory	432	453	446						
Provision for doubtful accounts	122	18	(129)						
Other noncash charges	59	202	133						
Changes in operating assets and liabilities,									
net of acquisitions:									
Accounts receivable	(8,474)	(8,121)	2,619						
Inventory	(3,519)	(2,046)	(11,277)						
Other current assets	(416)	(344)	(1,704)						
Accounts payable	3,648	9,274	(1,997)						
Accrued and other liabilities	(83)	(1,361)	(6,652)						

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities $\ldots \ldots$	8,471	8,132	(2,068)
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Proceeds from sale of assets Purchase of the net assets of acquired entities Changes in nonoperating assets and liabilities	6,816 (11,486)	(23,886) 9,292 (351)	(14,443) 14 (11,642) (343)
Net cash used in investing activities	(32,943)	(14,945)	(26,414)
Cash flows from financing activities: Net increase in debt under revolving credit agreements Payments on long-term debt Proceeds from issuance of common stock	,	10,600 481	28,280 (2,463) 684
Net cash provided by financing activities	23,030	11,081	26,501
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,442)	4,268	(1,981)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		10,406	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 13,232 ======		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands, except for share data)

	Common S		Additional Paid-In	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	(Loss)	Equity
Balance at January 1, 1999	9,450,593	\$ 95	\$ 23,238	\$ 27,320	\$ (1,294)	\$ 49,359
Net income				9,556		9,556
Adjustment in minimum pension liability					1,221	1,221
Comprehensive income				9,556	1,221	10,777
Stock Purchase Plan	15,600		99			99
Exercise of stock options	123,021	1	584			585
Balance at December 31, 1999		96	23,921	36,876	(73)	60,820
Net income				3,184		3,184
Adjustment in minimum pension liability					(280)	(280)
Comprehensive income (loss) Issuance of shares under Employee				3,184	(280)	2,904
Stock Purchase Plan	35,290		273			273
Exercise of stock options	85,165	1	207			208
D 1	0.700.660	97		40.000	(252)	
Balance at December 31, 2000 Net income	9,709,669	97	24,401	40,060 6.367	(353)	64,205 6,367
Adjustment in minimum pension				0,50		0,501
liability, net of tax of \$828 Change in fair value of interest rate					(1,124)	(1,124)
swap agreements, net of tax of \$309					(419)	(419)
Comprehensive income (loss) Issuance of shares under Employee				6,367	(1,543)	4,824
Stock Purchase Plan	52,206	1	256			257
Exercise of stock options	136,800	1	833			834
Balance at December 31, 2001	9,898,675	\$ 99	\$ 25,490	\$ 46,427	\$ (1,896)	\$ 70,120

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2001

Consolidation Policy

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Sypris Solutions, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, "Sypris" or the "Company"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Nature of Business

Sypris is a diversified provider of outsourced services and specialty products. The Company performs a wide range of manufacturing, engineering, design, testing and other technical services, typically under multi-year, sole-source contracts with major companies and government agencies in the markets for aerospace & defense electronics, truck components & assemblies, and for users of test & measurement equipment.

As of January 1, 2002, the Company changed the name of its four major operating subsidiaries as part of a comprehensive branding initiative. The new names of the four subsidiaries are Sypris Data Systems, Inc., formerly Metrum-Datatape, Inc.; Sypris Electronics, LLC, formerly Group Technologies Corporation; Sypris Technologies, Inc., formerly Tube Turns Technologies, Inc.; and Sypris Test & Measurement, Inc., formerly Bell Technologies, Inc.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Inventory

Contract inventory is stated at actual production costs, reduced by the cost of units for which revenue has been recognized. Gross contract inventory is considered work in process. Progress payments under long-term contracts are specified in the contracts as a percentage of cost and are liquidated as contract items are completed and shipped. Other inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. The first-in, first-out method was used for determining the cost of inventory excluding contract inventory and certain other inventory, which was determined using the last-in, first-out method (see Note 5). The Company's reserve for excess and obsolete inventory is primarily based upon forecasted demand for its product sales, and any change to the reserve arising from forecast revisions is reflected in cost of sales in the period the revision is made.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of cost. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is generally computed using the straight-line method over their estimated economic lives. For land improvements, buildings and building improvements, the estimated economic life is generally 40 years. Estimated economic lives range from three to fifteen years for machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the respective lease term using the straight-line method. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and renewals of minor items are expensed as incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Interest cost is capitalized for qualifying assets during the period in which the asset is being installed and prepared for its intended use. Capitalized interest cost is amortized on the same basis as the related depreciation. Capitalized interest for the years ended December 31, 2001 and

2000 was \$1,763,000 and \$910,000, respectively.

Intangible Assets

Costs in excess of net assets of businesses acquired ("goodwill"), patents, product drawings and similar intangible assets are amortized over their estimated economic lives. Goodwill is being amortized over a period of fifteen years (see Notes 2 and 7). Other intangible assets are being amortized over periods ranging from five to fifteen years, using the straight-line method.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

The Company evaluates long-lived assets, including goodwill, for impairment and assesses their recoverability based upon anticipated future cash flows. If facts and circumstances lead the Company's management to believe that the cost of one of its assets may be impaired, the Company will evaluate the extent to which that cost is recoverable by comparing the future undiscounted cash flows estimated to be associated with that asset to the asset's carrying amount and write down that carrying amount to market value, or discounted cash flow value, to the extent necessary.

Revenue Recognition

A portion of the Company's business is conducted under long-term, fixed-price contracts with aerospace and defense companies and agencies of the U.S. Government. Contract revenue is included in the consolidated income statements as units are completed and shipped using the units of delivery, percentage of completion method of accounting. The costs attributed to contract revenue are based upon the estimated average costs of all units to be shipped. The cumulative average costs of units shipped to date are adjusted through current operations as estimates of future costs to complete change (see "Contract Accounting" below).

Revenue recognized under the percentage of completion method of accounting totaled \$134,478,000, \$105,535,000 and \$90,819,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Substantially all such amounts were accounted for under the units of delivery method. All other revenue is recognized as product is shipped and title passes, or when services are rendered.

Contract Accounting

For long-term contracts, the Company capitalizes in inventory direct material, direct labor and factory overhead as incurred. The Company also capitalizes certain general and administrative costs for estimating and bidding on contracts awarded (of which approximately \$210,000 remained in inventory at December 31, 2001 and 2000). Selling costs are expensed as incurred. Costs to complete long-term contracts are estimated on a monthly basis. Estimated margins at completion are applied to cumulative contract revenue to arrive at costs charged to operations.

Accounting for long-term contracts under the percentage of completion method involves substantial estimation processes, including determining the estimated cost to complete a contract. As contracts may require performance over several accounting periods, formal detailed cost-to-complete estimates are performed and updated monthly via performance reports. Management's estimates of costs-to-complete change due to internal and external factors, such as labor rate and efficiency variances, revised estimates of warranty costs, estimated future material prices and customer specification and testing requirement changes. Changes in estimated costs are reflected in gross profit in the period in which they are known. If increases in projected costs-to-complete are sufficient to create a loss contract, the entire estimated loss is charged to operations in the period the loss first becomes known.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Product Warranty Costs

The provision for estimated warranty costs is recorded at the time of sale and periodically adjusted to reflect actual experience. The accrued

liability for warranty costs is included in the caption "Accrued liabilities" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially expose the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of accounts receivable. The Company's customer base consists of various departments or agencies of the U.S. Government, aerospace and defense companies under contract with the U.S. Government and a number of customers in diverse industries across geographic areas. The Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and does not require collateral on its commercial accounts receivable. Credit losses are provided for in the financial statements and consistently have been within management's expectations. Approximately 41% of accounts receivable outstanding at December 31, 2001 are due from three of the Company's largest customers.

The Company recognized revenue from contracts with the U.S. Government and its agencies of approximately \$40,046,000, \$45,467,000 and \$53,244,000 during the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The Company's largest customers for the year ended December 31, 2001 were Raytheon Company and Honeywell International, Inc., which represented approximately 21% and 11%, respectively, of the Company's total net revenue. For the year ended December 31, 2000, the Company's largest customer was Raytheon Company, which represented approximately 15% of the Company's total net revenue. No other single customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's total net revenue for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 or 1999.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock options are granted under various stock compensation programs to employees and independent directors (see Note 13). The Company accounts for stock option grants in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25").

Derivative Financial Instruments

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" and issued its amendments, Statements No. 137 and 138, in June 1999 and June 2000, respectively. SFAS No. 133 requires the Company to recognize all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges must be adjusted to fair value through income. If the derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of derivatives are either offset against the change in fair value of assets, liabilities, or firm commitments through earnings or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value must be recognized currently in earnings.

Adoption of Recently Issued Accounting Standard

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." Under the new rules, goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are no longer amortized but are reviewed annually for impairment. Separable intangible assets that are not deemed to have an indefinite life will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. The amortization provisions of SFAS No. 142 apply to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001. With respect to goodwill and intangible assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001, the Company will apply the new accounting rules beginning January 1, 2002. The Company will perform the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite lived

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

intangible assets as of January 1, 2002. The Company currently does not expect any significant loss as a result of the impairment tests. The Company will be required to test the value of its goodwill at least annually. These tests will involve estimates related to the fair market value of the business with which the goodwill is associated. The Company anticipates that substantially all

amortization of intangible assets as a charge to earnings will be eliminated beginning January 1, 2002.

(2) Acquisitions and Mergers

On May 31, 2001, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of the Marion Forge plant from Dana Corporation. The business produces fully machined, heavy-duty truck axle shafts and other drive components for integration into subassemblies and is included with Sypris Technologies in the Industrial Group. The transaction was accounted for as a purchase, in which the purchase price of \$11,500,000 was allocated based on the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired. The results of operations of the acquired business have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date. The acquisition was financed by the Company's Credit Agreement.

During 1999, the Company completed two transactions in which it acquired the assets of the related businesses. The transactions were accounted for as purchases, in which the combined purchase price of \$11,642,000 was allocated based on the fair values of assets acquired, with the excess amount allocated to goodwill, which totaled \$6,607,000. The results of operations of the acquired businesses have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the respective acquisition dates. The acquisitions were financed by the Company's Credit Agreement.

(3) Special Charges

Special charges of \$2,945,000 were recognized during the year ended December 31, 2000 for activities related to the consolidation of certain operations within the Electronics Group. The special charges incurred and paid during 2000 include workforce reductions, related severance and other benefit costs of \$1,211,000, facilities rearrangement and relocation costs of \$480,000, and employment costs related to the transfer of production of \$1,254,000. The workforce reductions resulted in the termination of 48 employees involved in manufacturing, engineering, sales and administrative activities during 2000.

(4) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

	December 31,			
	2001	2000		
	(in thou	sands)		
Commercial	\$34,658 5,875	\$26,262 6,313		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	40,533 (775)	32 , 575 (679)		
	\$39,758 ======	\$31,896 =====		

Accounts receivable from the U.S. Government includes amounts due under long-term contracts, all of which are billed at December 31, 2001 and 2000, of \$2,939,000 and \$4,864,000, respectively.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(5) Inventory

Inventory consists of the following:

	Dece	ember 31,
	2001	2000
	(in t	housands)
Raw materials	\$19,003	\$13,567
Work in process	9,661	8,388
Finished goods	5,450	1,632
Costs relating to long-term contracts and programs, net of amounts		
attributed to revenue recognized to date	37,908	45,542
Progress payments related to long-term contracts and programs	(6,540)	(14,011)
LIFO reserve	(987)	(1,059)
Reserve for excess and obsolete inventory	(3,921)	(3,004)
	\$60,574	\$51,055
	======	======

The preceding amounts include inventory valued under the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method totaling \$9,141,000 and \$5,365,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. In the aggregate, these costs are less than market value.

(6) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31,		
	2001	2000	
	(in the	ousands)	
Land and land improvements Buildings and building improvements Machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures Construction in progress	17,837 96,674	\$ 1,032 14,979 77,901 18,561	
Accumulated depreciation	135,805 (65,353)	112,473 (58,156)	
	\$70,452	\$ 54,317	

Depreciation expense totaled \$8,468,000, \$7,906,000 and \$6,526,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. At December 31, 2001, \$2,782,000 and \$612,000 was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, respectively, for capital expenditures. At December 31, 2000, \$5,372,000 and \$2,093,000 was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, respectively, for capital expenditures.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(7) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consists of the following:

	December 31,			
		2001		2000
		(in the	ousand	s)
Costs in excess of net assets of businesses acquired Other	\$	18,423 3,212	\$	18,423 3,102
Accumulated amortization		21,635 (5,709)		21,525 (4,371)
	\$	15,926 ======	\$	17,154

Amortization expense totaled \$1,388,000, \$1,445,000 and \$1,056,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

(8) Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consists of the following:

	December 31,			
		2001		2000
		(in th	ousand	s)
Employee benefit plan accruals	\$	6,308	\$	4,770
Salaries, wages and incentives		3,925		2,921
Other		9,669		10,857
	\$	19,902	\$	18,548
	==:		===	

Included in other accrued liabilities are employee payroll deductions, advance payments, accrued operating expenses, accrued warranty expenses, accrued interest and other items, none of which exceed 5% of total current liabilities.

(9) Long-Term Debt

The Company has a credit agreement with a syndicate of banks (the "Credit Agreement") that was entered into in October 1999 and amended as of November 2000 and February 2001. The Credit Agreement provides for a revolving credit facility with an aggregate commitment of \$100,000,000 through January 2005. Under the terms of the Credit Agreement, interest rates are determined at the time of borrowing and are based on the London Interbank Offered Rate plus a margin of 1.0% to 3.25%; or the greater of the prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, plus a margin up to 0.75%. The Company also pays a fee of 0.2% to 0.5% on the unused portion of the aggregate commitment. The margins applied to the respective interest rates and the commitment fee are adjusted quarterly and are based on the Company's ratio of funded debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. The weighted average interest rate for outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2001 was 5.2%. The weighted average interest rates for borrowings during the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 were 7.4% and 8.5%, respectively. Current maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2001 and 2000 represent amounts due under a short-term borrowing arrangement included in the Credit Agreement. Standby letters of credit up to a maximum of \$15,000,000 may be issued under the Credit Agreement and no amounts were outstanding at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including financial covenants requiring the maintenance of specified fixed charge and leverage ratios and minimum levels of net worth. The Credit Agreement is secured by substantially all assets of the Company, including but not limited to accounts

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

eliminated after June 2002 in the event the Company achieves certain financial ratios and remains in compliance with all covenants.

On July 26, 2001, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements with three banks that effectively convert a portion of its floating rate debt to a fixed rate basis for a period of two years, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. The swap agreements have a combined notional amount of \$30,000,000 whereby the Company pays a fixed rate of interest of 4.52% and receives a variable 30-day LIBOR rate. The differential to be paid or received is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense in the consolidated income statement. The aggregate fair market value of all interest rate swap agreements was approximately \$728,000 at December 31, 2001 and was included in other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet with an offset to other comprehensive income.

Interest incurred during the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 totaled \$5,784,000, \$5,116,000 and \$1,725,000, respectively. Interest paid during the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 totaled \$5,623,000, \$5,063,000 and \$1,629,000, respectively.

(10) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are reflected in the consolidated financial statements at their carrying amount which approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of those instruments. The carrying amount of debt outstanding at December 31, 2001 and 2000 under the Credit Agreement approximates fair value because borrowings are for terms less than six months and have rates that reflect currently available terms and conditions for similar debt. The Company uses interest rate swap agreements (see Note 9) to minimize its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates for a portion of the debt. The fair value of the swap agreements is recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

(11) Employee Benefit Plans

The Company sponsors noncontributory defined benefit pension plans (the "Pension Plans") covering certain employees of Sypris Technologies, including certain employees of the operation acquired from Dana in May 2001. The Pension Plans covering salaried and management employees provide pension benefits that are based on the employees' highest five-year average compensation within ten years before retirement. The Pension Plans covering hourly employees and union members generally provide benefits at stated amounts for each year of service. The Company's funding policy is to make the minimum annual contributions required by the applicable regulations. The Pension Plans' assets are primarily invested in equity securities and fixed income securities. The Company recorded increases of \$1,952,000 and \$280,000 in 2001 and 2000, respectively to its minimum pension liability, and a decrease of \$1,221,000 in 1999.

The following table details the components of pension expense:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2001		2000		1999
			(in t	housands)		
Service cost Interest cost on projected benefit obligation Net amortizations and deferrals Expected return on plan assets	\$	358 1,939 247 (1,961)	\$	180 1,409 222 (1,338)	\$	181 1,283 165 (1,091)
	\$ ===	583	\$ ===	473	\$ ===	538

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following are summaries of the changes in the benefit obligations and plan assets and of the funded status of the Pension Plans:

		,		
		2001		2000
			n thousands)	
Change in benefit obligation: Benefit obligation at beginning of year Benefit obligation assumed in acquisition Service cost Interest cost Plan amendments Actuarial loss Benefits paid		19,096 11,547 358 1,939 463 (1,420)		17,859 180 1,409 798 131 (1,281)
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	31,983	\$	19,096
Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year Fair value of plan assets acquired in acquisition Actual return on plan assets Company contributions Benefits paid		15,156 10,547 (158) 754 (1,420)		14,329 927 1,181 (1,281)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$	24,789	\$	15 , 156
Funded status of the plans: Benefit obligation at end of year Fair value of plan assets at end of year Funded status of plan (underfunded)		31,983 24,789 (7,194)		19,096 15,156
Unrecognized actuarial loss (gain)		2,339 903		(260) 1,166
Net liability recognized	\$	(3,952)	\$	(3,034)
Balance sheet liabilities (assets):				
Accrued benefit liability	\$	7,160 (903) (2,305)	\$	4,510 (1,123) (353)
Net amount recognized	\$	3,952 =====		3,034
Assumptions at year end: Discount rate used in determining present values		7.50%		8.00% 4.25%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets		9.50%		9.50%

The Company sponsors a defined contribution plan (the "Defined Contribution Plan") for substantially all employees of the Company. The Defined Contribution Plan is intended to meet the requirements of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Defined Contribution Plan allows the Company to match participant contributions and provides discretionary contributions. Contributions to the Defined Contribution Plan in 2001, 2000 and 1999 totaled \$1,933,000, \$2,278,000 and \$2,052,000, respectively.

During 1999, the Company had partially self-insured medical plans (the "Medical Plans") covering certain employees. Beginning January 1, 2000, the Company expanded the coverage to cover substantially all employees. The number of employees participating in the Medical Plans was approximately 1,350 and 1,300 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, as compared to approximately

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Company's annual obligations to fund claims to specified amounts per participant and in the aggregate. The Company is adequately insured for amounts in excess of these limits. Employees are responsible for payment of a portion of the premiums. During 2001, 2000 and 1999, the Company charged \$5,890,000, \$4,456,000 and \$2,802,000, respectively, to operations related to reinsurance premiums, medical claims incurred and estimated, and administrative costs for the Medical Plans. Claims paid during 2001, 2000 and 1999 did not exceed the aggregate limits.

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company leases certain of its real property and certain equipment, vehicles and computer hardware under operating leases with terms ranging from month-to-month to ten years and which contain various renewal and rent escalation clauses. Future minimum annual lease commitments (in thousands) under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

2002		\$	6 , 980
2003			6,365
2004			5,643
2005			5,288
2006			4,716
2007	and thereafter		9,194
		\$	38,186
		=====	

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 totaled \$5,550,000, \$3,650,000 and \$3,858,000, respectively.

The Company entered into agreements for the sale and leaseback of certain specific manufacturing and testing equipment during 2001 and 2000. The terms of the operating leases range from five to nine years and the Company has the option to purchase the equipment at the expiration of the respective lease at a fixed price based upon the equipment's estimated residual value. Lease payments on these operating leases are guaranteed by the Company. Proceeds from the sale and leaseback transactions during 2001 and 2000 were \$5,420,000 and \$9,251,000, respectively, and the transactions resulted in a deferred loss for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 of \$787,000 and \$351,000, respectively, that will be amortized over the term of the respective leases. Future minimum annual lease commitments related to these leases are included in the above schedule.

As of December 31, 2001, the Company had outstanding purchase commitments of approximately \$5,045,000, primarily for the acquisition of manufacturing equipment.

The Company's Sypris Technologies subsidiary is a co-defendant in two lawsuits arising out of an explosion at a coker plant owned by Exxon Mobil Corporation located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. In each of these lawsuits, it is alleged that a carbon steel pipe elbow that Sypris Technologies manufactured was improperly installed and the failure of which caused the explosion. One of the actions was brought by Exxon Mobil in 1994 in state district court in Louisiana and claims damages for destruction of the plant, which Exxon Mobil estimates exceed one hundred million dollars. Sypris Technologies is a co-defendant in this action with the fabricator who built the pipeline into which the elbow was incorporated and with the general contractor for the plant. The second action is a class action suit also filed in 1994 in federal court in Louisiana on behalf of the residents living around the plant and claims unspecified damages. Sypris Technologies is a co-defendant in this action with Exxon Mobil, the contractor and the fabricator. In both actions, we maintain that the carbon steel pipe elbow at issue was appropriately marked as carbon steel and was improperly installed, without Sypris Technologies' knowledge, by the fabricator and general contractor in circumstances that required the use of a chromium steel elbow.

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

damages. If the Company was to be found liable and the damages exceeded available insurance coverage, the impact could materially and adversely affect the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

The Company is involved in certain litigation and contract issues arising in the normal course of business. While the outcome of these matters cannot, at this time, be predicted in light of the uncertainties inherent therein, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of the Company.

(13) Stock Option and Purchase Plans

The Company has certain stock compensation plans under which options to purchase common stock may be granted to officers, key employees and non-employee directors. Options may be granted at not less than the market price on the date of grant. Options are exercisable in whole or in part up to two years after the date of grant and ending ten years after the date of grant. The following table summarizes option activity for the three years ended December 31, 2001:

	Shares	Exercis				
			_			
Balance at January 1, 1999	1,228,388 \$	1.72 -	31.00	\$ 6.35		
Granted	226,352	5.94 -	9.63	7.75		
Exercised	(123,021)	2.76 -	6.68	4.75		
Forfeited	(19,259)					
Balance at December 31, 1999						
Granted	518,746	6.56 -	10.50	9.52		
Exercised	(114,246)	2.76 -	8.75	4.08		
Forfeited		4.24 -				
Balance at December 31, 2000						
Granted	632,819	3.88 -	13.27	6.15		
Exercised	(164,616)	1.72 -	8.75	3.06		
Forfeited	(174,980)					
Balance at December 31, 2001	1,846,960 \$	1.72 -	31.00	\$ 7.61		

The following table summarizes certain weighted average data for options outstanding and currently exercisable at December 31, 2001:

Outstanding	Exercisable			
Weighted Average				
	Weighted			
Remaining	Average			

Exercise Price Range	Shares	Exercise Price	Contractual Life	Shares	Exercise Price
\$1.72	63,721	\$ 1.72	1.9	63,721	\$ 1.72
\$2.76 - \$4.12	34,364	3.82	4.8	34,364	3.82
\$4.24 - \$6.25	648,123	5.81	7.1	139,148	4.93
\$6.56 - \$10.00	905,634	8.59	5.9	464,334	8.66
\$10.06 - \$15.76	181,011	10.92	6.1	28,661	12.62
\$16.12 - \$23.00	10,003	18.16	4.4	10,003	18.16
\$25.52 - \$31.00	4,104	28.86	3.2	4,104	28.86
Total	1,846,960	\$ 7.61	6.2	744,335	\$ 7.54
	========	=======	=======	========	=======

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The Company's stock compensation program also provides for the grant of performance-based stock options to key employees. The terms and conditions of the performance-based option grants provide for the determination of the exercise price and the beginning of the vesting period to occur when the fair market value of the Company's common stock achieves certain targeted price levels. Performance-based options to purchase 56,000 shares, 108,000 shares and 16,000 shares of common stock were granted during 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Performance-based options to purchase 32,000 shares and 112,000 shares of common stock were forfeited in 2001 and 2000, respectively. None of the targeted price levels of the performance-based options were achieved during 2001, 2000 or 1999 and, accordingly, these options are excluded from disclosures of options outstanding at December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999.

The aggregate number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the Company's stock compensation programs as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 was 3,000,000. The aggregate number of shares available for future grant as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 was 380,227 and 899,566, respectively. Shares available for future grant at December 31, 2001 include 226,212 shares of common stock related to stock options that may be subject to future grant under certain of the Company's incentive plans based upon the achievement of certain financial targets and individual performance objectives and action by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Company applies APB 25 and related interpretations in accounting for its employee stock options because, as discussed below, the alternative fair value accounting provided for under SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), requires use of option valuation models that were not developed for use in valuing employee stock options. Under APB 25, when the exercise price of the Company's employee stock options is at least equal to the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recognized.

Pro forma information regarding net income and net income per share is required by SFAS 123, and has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its employee stock options under the fair value method of SFAS 123. The fair value for options granted by the Company during 2001, 2000 and 1999 were estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

			Υe	aı	s	е	nd	le	d	De	e C e	em	be	er	3	1	,	
 								-								-		-
2 0	Λ.	1							20	0.0	١							1

	2001	2000	1999		
Expected life (years)	8	8	6		
Expected volatility	75.20%	70.30%	75.50%		

The weighted average Black-Scholes value of options granted under the stock option plans during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$4.71, \$7.05 and \$5.50 per share, respectively.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options.

For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the options' vesting period. The Company's pro forma information is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2001			2000		1999
	(ir	n thousands	, exc	cept for p	er sha	are data)
Pro forma net income	\$	4,977	\$	2,086	\$	8,533
Pro forma net income per common share:						
Basic	\$	0.51	\$	0.22	\$	0.90
Diluted	\$	0.50	\$	0.21	\$	0.87

The Company has a stock purchase plan that provides substantially all employees who have satisfied the eligibility requirements the opportunity to purchase shares of the Company's common stock on a compensation deduction basis. The purchase price is the lower of 85% of the fair market value of the common stock on the first or last business day of the purchase period. Payroll deductions may not exceed \$6,000 for any six-month cycle. The stock purchase plan expires January 31, 2006. At December 31, 2001 and 2000, there were 196,904 shares and 249,110 shares, respectively, available for purchase under the plan. During 2001 and 2000, a total of 52,206 shares and 35,290 shares, respectively, were issued under the plan.

(14) Stockholder Rights Plan

On October 23, 2001, the Company's board of directors approved a stockholder rights plan. Under the plan, each stockholder of record as of November 7, 2001 will automatically receive a distribution of one right for each outstanding share of common stock held. Each right entitles the holder to purchase one one-thousandth of a share of a new series of preferred stock at an exercise price of \$63.00. The rights will trade along with, and not separately from, the shares of common stock unless they become exercisable. If any person or group acquires or makes a tender offer for 15% or more of the common stock of the Company (except in transactions approved by the Company's board of directors in advance) the rights become exercisable, and they will separate, become tradable, and entitle stockholders, other than such person or group, to acquire, at the exercise price, preferred stock with a market value equal to twice the exercise price. If the Company is acquired in a merger or other business

combination with such person or group, or if 50% of its earning power or assets are sold to such person or group, each right will entitle its holder, other than such person or group, to acquire, at the exercise price, shares of the acquiring company's common stock with a market value of twice the exercise price. The rights will expire on October 23, 2011, unless redeemed or exchanged earlier by the Company, and will be represented by existing common stock certificates until they become exercisable.

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SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(15) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Accordingly, deferred income taxes have been provided for temporary differences between the recognition of revenue and expenses for financial and income tax reporting purposes and between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements.

The components of income tax expense (benefit) is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,						
	:	2001		2000		1999	
			(in	thousands)			
Current:							
Federal	\$	2,161	\$	969	\$	3,386	
State		255		102		320	
Other		15		9		38	
		2,431		1,080		3,744	
Deferred:							
Federal		706		(2,351)		(630)	
State		(227)		(127)		(15)	
		479		(2,478)		(645)	
	\$	2,910	\$	(1,398)	\$	3,099	
	===:		===	======	===:	======	

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return which includes all subsidiaries. Income taxes paid during 2001, 2000 and 1999 totaled \$1,962,000, \$1,347,000 and \$2,136,000, respectively. During 2001 and 2000, the Company received \$2,108,000 and \$2,102,000 in federal income tax refunds, respectively.

At December 31, 2001, the Company had \$17,771,000 of state net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future taxable income. Such carryforwards reflect income tax losses incurred which will expire on December 31 of the following years (in thousands):

2008	\$ 2 , 386
2009	8,362
2010	560
2011	5,999
2017	464
	\$ 17,771

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following is a reconciliation of income tax expense (benefit) to that computed by applying the federal statutory rate of 34% to income before income taxes:

	Years	ended December 3	31,
	2001	2000	1999
		(in thousands)	
Federal tax at the statutory rate	\$3,154	\$ 607	\$ 4,303
State income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	238	153	236
Change in valuation allowance for deferred tax asset	(300)	(3,008)	(1,891)
Research and development tax credit	(338)	(262)	(544)
Non-deductible expenses	262	240	135
Other	(106)	872	860
	\$2,910	\$(1,398)	\$ 3,099

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	Decemb	oer 31,
	2001	2000
	(in the	ousands)
Deferred tax assets:		
Compensation and benefit accruals	\$ 1,287	\$ 1,108
Inventory valuation	728	673
State net operating loss carryforwards	977	977
Contract provisions	517	796
Accounts receivable allowance	290	255
Defined benefit pension plan	1,451	995
Interest rate swap agreements	309	
Other	303	327
	5,862	5,131
Valuation allowance	. ,	. ,
	5,185	4,154
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation	(2,354)	(1,981)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 2.831	\$ 2.173
	======	======

The valuation allowance for deferred tax assets decreased by \$300,000, \$3,008,000 and \$1,891,000 in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. At December 31, 2001, the valuation allowance of \$677,000 relates to state tax net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards. Management believes it is more likely than not that the Company's future earnings will be sufficient to ensure the realization of deferred tax assets for federal and state purposes, excluding the portion of the state NOL carryforward for which utilization within the carryforward period is uncertain.

(16) Net Income Per Common Share

Basic income per common share is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted income per common share is calculated by using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted to include the potentially dilutive effect of outstanding stock options.

The following table presents information necessary to calculate net income per common share:

	Years ended December 31,							
		2001		2000			1999	
	(in	thousands,	exce	pt for	per	share	data)	
Shares outstanding:								
Weighted average shares outstanding	\$	9,828		,		\$	9,515	
Effect of dilutive employee stock options		200		293			346	
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding								
and assumed conversions		10,028		9,964			9,861	
	==	=====	==			===		
Net income applicable to common stock	\$	6,367	\$	3,184		\$	9,556	
	==	=====				===		
Net income per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.65	\$	0.33		\$	1.00	
	==	=====	==			===		
Diluted	\$	0.63	\$	0.32		\$	0.97	
	==	=====				==:		

(17) Segment Information

The Company's operations are conducted in two reportable business segments: the Electronics Group and the Industrial Group. The segments are each managed separately because of the distinctions between the products, services, markets, customers, technologies and workforce skills of the segments. The Electronics Group provides a wide range of manufacturing and technical services for a diversified customer base as an outsourced service provider. The Electronics Group also manufactures complex data storage systems, magnetic instruments, current sensors and other electronic products. The Industrial Group provides manufacturing services for a variety of customers that outsource forged and finished steel components and subassemblies. The Industrial Group also manufactures high-pressure closures and other fabricated products. Revenue derived from outsourced services for the Electronics Group accounted for 67%, 65% and 59% of total net revenue in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Revenue derived from outsourced services for the Industrial Group accounted for 15%, 12% and 15% of total net revenue in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. There was no intersegment net revenue recognized for all years presented. The following table presents financial information for the reportable segments of the Company:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2001	2000	1999			
	(in thousands,	except for per	share data)			
Net revenue from unaffiliated customers: Electronics Group	\$207,282 47,358	\$182,126 34,445	\$164,963 37,167			
	\$254,640 ======	\$216,571 ======	\$202,130 ======			
Gross profit: Electronics Group	\$ 37,385	\$ 36,272	\$ 37,873			

Industrial Group	6,162	4,041	7,076
	\$ 43,547	\$ 40,313	\$ 44,949

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

		Years ended December 31,				
			2000			
				thousands)		
Operating income: Electronics Group Industrial Group General, corporate and other		12,903 3,563 (3,436)		6,935 1,648 (3,106)		12,005 4,930 (2,769)
		13,030		5,477		14,166
	==:		==		==	
Total assets: Electronics Group Industrial Group General, corporate and other		121,228 73,820 16,396		124,523 37,851 16,748		106,229 26,714 15,621
		211,444		179,122		148,564
	==:	======	==		==	
Depreciation and amortization: Electronics Group Industrial Group General, corporate and other		7,951 1,694 211		8,037 1,109 205		6,551 902 129
	\$	9,856	\$	9,351	\$	7,582
0	==:		==		==	
Capital expenditures: Electronics Group Industrial Group General, corporate and other		7,917 19,547 159		15,546 369		6,327 7,134 982
		27,623		23,886		14,443
	==:		==			

The Company attributes net revenue to countries based upon the location of its operations. Export sales from the United States totaled \$23,890,000,\$25,250,000 and \$30,061,000 in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

(18) Quarterly Financial Information (Unaudited)

The following is an analysis of certain items in the consolidated income statements by quarter for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000:

		2001							2000							
		First		Second		Third		Fourth		First		Second		Third		Fourth
						(in thous	and	ls, excep	t f	or per s	har	e data)				
Net revenue	Ş	58,035	\$	63,152	\$	65,228	\$	68,225	\$	50,697	\$	52,118	\$	53,887	\$	59,869
Gross profit		10,164		10,914		11,063		11,406		10,754		11,353		9,090		9,116
Operating income		2,577		2,912		3,501		4,040		1,182		2,739		707		849
Net income		1,019		1,209		1,760		2,379		179		1,368		90		1,547
Net income per																
common share:																
Basic	\$	0.10	\$	0.12	\$	0.18	\$	0.24	\$	0.02	\$	0.14	\$	0.01	\$	0.16
Diluted	\$	0.10	\$	0.12	\$	0.18	\$	0.23	\$	0.02	\$	0.14	\$	0.01	\$	0.16

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

The information required herein is incorporated by reference from sections of the Company's Proxy Statement titled "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," "Election of Directors," and "Executive Officers," which Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to instruction G(3) of the General Instructions to Form 10-K.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required herein is incorporated by reference from sections of the Company's Proxy Statement titled "Election of Directors - Board of Directors and Committees of the Board," "Compensation of Directors," "Compensation Committee Report," "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation," "Performance Graph," "Executive Compensation," and "Employment Contracts and Termination, Severance and Change of Control Arrangements," which Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to instruction G(3) of the General Instructions to Form 10-K.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information required herein is incorporated by reference from the section of the Company's Proxy Statement titled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management," which Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to instruction G(3) of the General Instructions to Form 10-K.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information required herein is incorporated by reference from the section of the Company's Proxy Statement titled "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions," which Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to instruction G(3) of the General Instructions to Form 10-K.

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PART IV

Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules, and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report:
 - 1. Financial Statements

The financial statements as set forth under Item 8 of this report on Form 10-K are included.

2. Financial Statement Schedules

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other consolidated financial statement schedules have been omitted because the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto or they are not applicable.

3. Exhibits

Exhibit	
Number	Description
2	Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement and Plan of Reorganization dated February 5, 1998 by and among Group Financial Partners, Inc., Group Technologies Corporation, Bell Technologies, Inc. and Tube Turns Technologies, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Appendix A to the Prospectus included in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A filed February 12, 1998 (No. 333-20299)).
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Appendix H to the Prospectus included in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A filed February 12, 1998 (No. 333-20299)).
3.2	Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference to Appendix I to the Prospectus included in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A filed February 12, 1998 (No. 333-20299)).
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998 filed on March 5, 1999).
4.2	Rights Agreement dated as of October 23, 2001 between the Company and LaSalle Bank National Association, as Rights Agent, including as Exhibit A the Form of Certificate of Designation and as Exhibit B the Form of Right Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on October 23, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.1	Purchase and Sale Agreement among Honeywell Inc., Defense Communications Products Corporation (prior name of Group Technologies Corporation) and Group Financial Partners, Inc. dated May 21, 1989 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed May 18, 1994 (Registration No. 33-76326)).
10.2	Purchase and Sale Agreement among Alliant Techsystems Inc., MAC Acquisition I, Inc. and Group Technologies Corporation dated December 31, 1992 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed May 18, 1994 (Registration No. 33-76326)).
10.3	Purchase and Sale Agreement among Philips Electronic North America Corporation and Group Technologies Corporation dated June 25, 1993 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed May 18, 1994 (Registration No. 33-76326).
10.4	Stock and Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement among Group Technologies Corporation, Group Technologies Mexican Holding Company, SCI Systems, Inc., SCI Systems de Mexico S.A. de C.V. and SCI Holdings, Inc. dated June 30, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on July 15, 1997 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).

Exhibit Number

Description

10.5	Asset Purchase Agreement among Datatape Incorporated, Delta Tango, Inc., Metrum-D, Inc., Impactdata, Inc. and M. Stuart Millar dated November 12, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.11 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 28, 1998 filed on August 4, 1998 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.6	1999 Amended and Restated Loan Agreement between Bank One, Kentucky, NA, Sypris Solutions, Inc., Bell Technologies, Inc., Tube Turns Technologies, Inc., Group Technologies Corporation and Metrum-Datatape, Inc. dated October 27, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 filed on February 25, 2000 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.6.1	2000A Amendment to Loan Documents between Bank One, Kentucky, NA, Sypris Solutions, Inc., Bell Technologies, Inc., Tube Turns Technologies, Inc., Group Technologies Corporation and Metrum-Datatape, Inc. dated November 9, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6.1 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.6.2	2001A Amendment to Loan Documents between Bank One, Kentucky, NA, Sypris Solutions, Inc., Bell Technologies, Inc., Tube Turns Technologies, Inc., Group Technologies Corporation and Metrum-Datatape, Inc. dated February 15, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 1, 2001 filed on April 30, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.6.3	2002A Amendment to Loan Documents between Bank One, Kentucky, NA, Sypris Solutions, Inc., Sypris Test & Measurement, Inc., Sypris Technologies, Inc., Sypris Electronics, LLC, Sypris Data Systems, Inc. and Sypris Technologies Marion, LLC dated December 21, 2001.
10.7	Lease between John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company and Honeywell, Inc. dated April 27, 1979; related Notice of Assignment from John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company to Sweetwell Industrial Associates, L.P., dated July 10, 1986; related Assignment and Assumption of Lease between Honeywell, Inc. and Defense Communications Products Corporation (prior name of Group Technologies Corporation) dated May 21, 1989; and related Amendment I to Lease Agreement between Sweetwell Industries Associates, L.P. and Group Technologies Corporation dated October 25, 1991, regarding Tampa industrial park property (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed May 18, 1994 (Registration No. 33-76326)).
10.7.1	Agreement related to Fourth Renewal of Lease between Sweetwell Industries Associates, L.P. and Group Technologies Corporation dated November 1, 2000, regarding Tampa industrial park property (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8.1 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.8	Lease between Metrum-Datatape, Inc. (assignee of Metrum, Inc.) and Alliant Techsystems, Inc. dated March 29, 1993 and amended July 29, 1993, May 2, 1994, November 14, 1995, December 4, 1996 and February 12, 1998 regarding 4800 East Dry Creek Road Property (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 28, 1998 filed on August 4, 1998 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.8.1	Sublease between Pharmacia & Upjohn Company and Metrum-D, Inc. dated November 14, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 28, 1998 filed on August 4, 1998 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).

- Amendment of Sublease between Pharmacia & Upjohn Company and Metrum-Datatape, Inc. dated August 6, 1998 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10.1 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
- 10.9* Sypris Solutions, Inc. Stock Option Plan, Restated effective December 17, 1996, dated January 22, 1990 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22.2 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996 filed on March 31, 1997 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).

Exhibit Number	Description
10.10*	Sypris Solutions, Inc. 1994 Stock Option Plan for Key Employees as Amended and Restated effective July 1, 1998, dated October 27, 1994 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4 to the Company's Form S-8 filed on September 2, 1998 (Registration No. 333-62781)).
10.11*	Sypris Solutions, Inc. Share Performance Program For Stock Option Grants dated July 1, 1998 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 28, 1998 filed on August 4, 1998 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.12*	Sypris Solutions, Inc. Independent Directors' Stock Option Plan as Amended and Restated effective February 23, 1999, dated October 27, 1994 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998 filed on March 5, 1999 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.13*	Sypris Solutions, Inc. Independent Directors Compensation Program Amended and Restated on April 28, 1998, dated September 1, 1995 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 28, 1998 filed on August 4, 1998 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.14*	Sypris Solutions, Inc. Profit Sharing Bonus Plan, effective as of January 3, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.15*	Group Technologies Corporation Profit Sharing Bonus Plan, effective as of January 3, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.16*	Tube Turns Technologies, Inc. Profit Sharing Bonus Plan, effective as of January 3, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.17*	Sypris Solutions, Inc. Executive Bonus Plan, effective as of January 2, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.18*	Employment Agreement by and between Metrum-Datatape, Inc. and G. Darrell Robertson dated February 28, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 2, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
10.19	Asset Purchase Agreement dated April 6, 2001 by and between Tube Turns Technologies, Inc. and Dana Corporation as amended by a First Amendment dated May 4, 2001 and as amended by a Second Amendment on May 15, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001 filed on July 30, 2001 (Commission File No. 000-24020)).
21	Subsidiaries of the Company
23	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP

- * Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

Form 8-K dated and filed by the Company on October 23, 2001, which reported the adoption of a stockholder rights plan, the terms and conditions of the rights, and the initial issuance of the rights to stockholders of record as of November 7, 2001.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or $15\,(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Annual Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on January 31, 2002.

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. (Registrant)

/s/ Jeffrey T. Gill -----(Jeffrey T. Gill)

President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated on January 31, 2002:

/s/ Robert E. Gill	Chairman of the Board
(Robert E. Gill)	
/s/ Jeffrey T. Gill	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Jeffrey T. Gill)	
/s/ David D. Johnson	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
	(Principal Financial Officer)
(David D. Johnson)	
/s/ Anthony C. Allen	Vice President and Controller
(Anthony C. Allen)	(Principal Accounting Officer)
, ,	
/s/ Henry F. Frigon	Director
(Henry F. Frigon)	
/s/ R. Scott Gill	Director
(R. Scott Gill)	
/s/ William L. Healey	Director
(William L. Healey)	
/s/ Roger W. Johnson	Director
	Difector
(Roger W. Johnson)	
/s/ Sidney R. Petersen	Director
(Sidney R. Petersen)	
/s/ Robert Sroka	Director
(Robert Sroka)	

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SCHEDULE II

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs and Expenses	Charged to Other Accounts	Deductions	Balance at End of Period
		(in thousands)			
counts.					

Allowance for doubtful accounts:

	====		=========							
Year ended December 31, 2000	\$	670	\$	18	\$		\$	(9)(1)	\$	679
			========		========				=======	
Year ended December 31, 1999	\$	836	\$	(129)	\$		\$	(37) (1)	\$	670
	====		====		====		===		==:	
Reserve for inactive, obsolete and unsalable inventory:										
Year ended December 31, 2001	\$	3,004	\$	432	\$	500 (4)	\$	(15) (2)	\$	3,921
Year ended December 31, 2000	\$	2,669	\$	453	\$		\$	(118) (2)	\$	3,004
			====		====				==:	
Year ended December 31, 1999	\$	4,024	\$	446	\$		\$	(1,801)(3)	\$	2,669
	====		====	======	====	=====	===	======	==:	

- (1) Uncollectible accounts written off.
- (2) Inactive, obsolete and unsalable inventory written off.
- (3) Includes \$180,000 for inactive, obsolete and unsalable inventory written off and a \$1,621,000 reclassification to costs relating to long-term contracts to conform to the presentation for the year ended December 31, 2000.
- (4) Excess and obsolete reserve assumed in acquisition.

2002A AMENDMENT TO LOAN DOCUMENTS

THIS 2002A AMENDMENT TO LOAN DOCUMENTS (this "Amendment"), is made and entered into as of the 21st day of December, 2001, effective as of January 1, 2002, by and among (i) BANK ONE, KENTUCKY, NA, a national banking association with an office and place of business in Louisville, Kentucky ("the Agent Bank") (Bank One, Kentucky, NA may also be referred to as a "Bank"); (ii) the BANKS identified on Schedule 1.1 hereto (each a "Bank" and collectively, the "Banks"); (iii) SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC., a Delaware corporation, with its principal office and place of business and registered office in Louisville, Jefferson County, Kentucky (the "Borrower") and (iv) the GUARANTORS identified on Schedule 1.2 hereto (each a "Guarantor" and collectively, the "Guarantors").

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT:

- A. Certain of the Guarantors and their Affiliates entered into a Loan Agreement dated as of March 21, 1997, with the Agent Bank (the "Original Loan Agreement"), whereby the Agent Bank extended in favor of the Guarantors a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$20,000,000, a term loan in the amount of \$10,000,000 and a swing line of credit subfacility in the amount of \$5,000,000.
- B. The predecessors to the Borrower and certain of the Guarantors entered into a 1997A Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of November 1, 1997, with the Agent Bank (the "1997A Loan Agreement"), whereby the Agent Bank increased the revolving line of credit to \$30,000,000 and the term loan to \$15,000,000 and provided the swing line of credit subfacility in the amount of \$5,000,000. The 1997A Loan Agreement was subsequently amended by, among other amendments, the 1998A Amendment to Loan Documents dated as of February 18, 1998.
- C. The Borrower, certain of the Guarantors, the Agent Banks and the Banks entered into the 1999 Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of October 27, 1999 (the "1999 Loan Agreement"), which amended, restated and replaced the Original Loan Agreement and the 1997A Loan Agreement, as amended. The 1999 Loan Agreement provides for (i) a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$100,000,000, (ii) a swing line subfacility of \$5,000,000 and (iii) a letter of credit subfacility of \$15,000,000. The 1999 Loan Agreement was subsequently amended by the 2000A Amendment to Loan Documents dated as of November 9, 2000 (the "2000A Amendment").
- D. The Borrower, certain of the Guarantors, the Agent and the Banks entered into the 2001A Amendment to Loan Documents dated as of February 15, 2001 and having an effective date of December 31, 2000 (the "2001A Amendment") in order to (i) change certain financial covenants and (ii) make certain other changes as set forth therein. The 1999 Loan Agreement, as amended by the 2000A Amendment and the 2001A Amendment, is referred to herein as the "Loan Agreement."
- E. The Borrower and the Guarantors have decided to restructure, reorganize and/or rename, as applicable, certain of the Guarantors, and to add a Guarantor (as summarized on Schedule 1.2 hereto), and the Banks, the Borrower and the Guarantors wish to further amend the Loan Agreement and other Loan Documents to reflect such changes in the Guarantors. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Loan Agreement.
- F. Subject to the terms set forth herein, the Banks are agreeable to the restructure, reorganization and/or renaming, as applicable, of the Guarantors, and the adding of a Guarantor as described in Schedule 1.2.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the mutuality, receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

- A. List of Guarantors. The list of Guarantors attached hereto as Schedule 1.2 shall replace in its entirety Schedule 1.2 to the Loan Agreement.
- B. Organization, Standing, etc. of the Borrower and the Guarantors. Section 5.1 of the Loan Agreement is amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - 5.1 Organization, Standing, etc. of the Borrower and the Guarantors. The Borrower is a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Sypris Test & Measurement, Inc. (successor to Bell Technologies, Inc., a Florida corporation) is a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Sypris Technologies, Inc. (successor to Tube Turns Technologies, Inc., a Kentucky corporation) is a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Sypris Electronics, LLC (successor to Group Technologies Corporation, a Florida corporation) is a limited liability company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Sypris Data Systems, Inc. (f/k/a Metrum-DATATAPE, Inc.) is a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Sypris Techologies Marion, LLC is a limited liability company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of Delaware. The Borrower and each of the Guarantors has all requisite power and authority to own and operate its properties, to carry on its businesses as now conducted and proposed to be conducted, and to execute and deliver this Loan Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which it is a party and to carry out the terms hereof and thereof. The Borrower has delivered to the Agent Bank a true and complete copy of its Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws as in effect on the date hereof.
 - C. The following new Section F is added to Section 4.2 of the Loan Agreement:
 - $4.2~\mathrm{F.}$ Additional Loan Documents. The Borrower and the Guarantors, as applicable, shall have delivered to the Agent Bank the following Additional Loan Documents:
 - [1] Amendments to the Bell Mortgage and the Bell Assignment of Leases and Rents in form and substance acceptable to the Banks (the "Bell Amendment");
 - [2] Amendments to the TT Mortgage and the TT Assignment of Leases and Rents in form and substance acceptable to the Banks (the "TT Amendment");
 - [3] Amendments to the Financing Statements, and In Lien UCC-1 Financing Statements, necessary to reflect the restructure, reorganization and/or renaming, as applicable, of certain of the Guarantors and continue the perfection of the security interests granted pursuant to the Security Agreements and the Mortgages;
 - [4] Endorsements to the Title Insurance Policies updating title and reflecting the recording of the Bell Amendment and the TT Amendment and the restructure, reorganization and/or renaming, as applicable, of certain of the Guarantors, in form and substance acceptable to the Agent Bank and containing no new title exceptions which are unacceptable to the Agent Bank in its sole and absolute discretion;
 - [5] An ACORD 27 or other evidence satisfactory to the Agent Bank of fire and extended coverage insurance of the Real Property Collateral subject to the Mortgages, containing standard mortgagee and lender loss payee clauses in favor of the Agent Bank, and evidencing that the inventory and other tangible property of, as applicable, the Borrower and the Guarantors which is Collateral for the Obligations is insured under standard lender loss payee clauses naming the Agent Bank as an additional insured, all in amounts and coverages acceptable to the Agent Bank (the "ACORD 27 Certificate");

maintained by, as applicable, the Borrower or the Guarantors applicable to the Real Property Collateral (the "ACORD 25 Certificate") (the ACORD 27 Certificate and the ACORD 25 Certificate collectively are referred to herein as the "Insurance Certificates"); and

- 2. AMENDMENT TO NEGATIVE PLEDGE AGREEMENT. The names of the Guarantors contained in the introductory paragraph on page one of the Negative Pledge Agreement are amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto.
- 3. AMENDMENTS TO BELL GUARANTY AGREEMENT. The Guaranty Agreement dated as of October 27, 1999 entered into by and among Bell and the Agent Bank on behalf of itself and the other Banks (the "Bell Guaranty") is amended as follows:
 - A. Name of Guarantor. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph of the Bell Guaranty is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to Bell.
 - B. Recitals and Definitions. The name of the Guarantors contained in the first sentence of Section 1 of the Bell Guaranty are amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto.
- 4. AMENDMENTS TO TT GUARANTY AGREEMENT. The Guaranty Agreement dated as of October 27, 1999 entered into by and among TT and the Agent Bank on behalf of itself and the other Banks (the "TT Guaranty") is amended as follows:
 - A. Name of Guarantor. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph of the TT Guaranty is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to TT.
 - B. Recitals and Definitions. The name of the Guarantors contained in the first sentence of Section 1 of the TT Guaranty are amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto.
- 5. AMENDMENTS TO GROUP GUARANTY AGREEMENT. The Guaranty Agreement dated as of October 27, 1999 entered into by and among Group and the Agent Bank on behalf of itself and the other Banks (the "Group Guaranty") is amended as follows:
 - A. Name of Guarantor. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph of the Group Guaranty is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to Group.
 - B. Recitals and Definitions. The name of the Guarantors contained in the first sentence of Section 1 of the Group Guaranty are amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto.

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- 6. AMENDMENTS TO MD GUARANTY AGREEMENT. The Guaranty Agreement dated as of October 27, 1999 entered into by and among MD and the Agent Bank on behalf of itself and the other Banks (the "MD Guaranty") is amended as follows:
 - A. Name of Guarantor. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph of the MD Guaranty is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to MD.
 - B. Recitals and Definitions. The name of the Guarantors contained in the first sentence of Section 1 of the MD Guaranty are amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto.
- 7. AMENDMENT TO BELL SECURITY AGREEMENT. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph on the first page of the Security Agreement dated February 15, 2001 between Bell and Agent Bank is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to Bell.
- 8. AMENDMENT TO TT SECURITY AGREEMENT. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph on the first page of the Security Agreement dated February 15, 2001 between TT and Agent Bank is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to TT.

- 9. AMENDMENT TO GROUP SECURITY AGREEMENT. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph on the first page of the Security Agreement dated February 15, 2001 between Group and Agent Bank is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to Group.
- 10. AMENDMENT TO MD SECURITY AGREEMENT. The name of the Guarantor contained in the introductory paragraph on the first page of the Security Agreement dated February 15, 2001 between MD and Agent Bank is amended to read as set forth on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto with respect to MD.
- 11. RATIFICATION. Except as specifically amended by the provisions hereinabove, the Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The Borrower and Guarantors reaffirm and ratify all of their respective obligations to Agent Bank and the Banks under all of the Loan Documents, as amended and modified hereby, including, but not limited to, the Loan Agreement, the Negative Pledge Agreement, the Guaranty Agreements, the Security Agreements and all other agreements, documents and instruments now or hereafter evidencing and/or pertaining to the Loan Agreement. Each reference to all or any of the Loan Documents contained in any other of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to such Loan Document, as modified hereby.
- 12. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT. The Banks' obligations under this Amendment are expressly conditioned upon and subject to the following:
 - A. The execution and delivery by the Borrower and the Guarantors, as applicable, of this Amendment and each of the Additional Loan Documents described in Section 4.2F of the Loan Agreement;
 - B. Delivery to the Agent Bank of a copy of the certificate of the corporate secretary of Borrower certifying resolutions of the Borrower's board of directors to the effect that execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents have been duly authorized and as to the incumbency of those authorized to execute and deliver this Amendment, the Additional Loan Documents and all other documents to be executed in connection herewith;
 - C. Delivery to the Agent Bank of a copy of the certificate of the corporate secretary of each corporate Guarantor certifying resolutions of such Guarantor's board of directors to the effect that execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents have been duly authorized and as to the incumbency of those authorized to execute and deliver this Amendment, the Additional Loan Documents and all other documents to be executed in connection herewith;
 - D. Delivery to the Agent Bank of a certificate of the members of each limited liability company ("LLC") Guarantor (1) certifying as to the authenticity, completeness and accuracy of, and attaching

copies of, (a) the Certificate of Formation of such Guarantor, (b) the Operating Agreement of such Guarantor, (c) the written consent of the managers of such Guarantor authorizing the execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which such Guarantor is a party, and (ii) certifying the names and true signatures of the officers of such Guarantor authorized to execute and deliver on behalf of such Guarantor this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which such Guarantor is a party;

- E. Delivery to the Agent Bank of copies of all documentation necessary to effectuate the reorganization, restructure and/or renaming of each of the Guarantors as summarized on Schedule 1.2 attached hereto;
- F. The representations and warranties of the Borrower and the Guarantors as applicable in this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents shall be true and accurate in all respects; and
- ${\tt G.}~{\tt Delivery}$ to the Agent Bank of opinions of counsel to Borrower and the Guarantors, satisfactory to the Agent Bank.
- 13. REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, AND COVENANTS OF THE BORROWER. To induce the Agent Bank and the Banks to enter into this Amendment, the Borrower represents and warrants to Agent Bank and the Banks as follows:

- A. The Borrower has full power, authority, and capacity to enter into this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which the Borrower is a party, and this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which the Borrower is a party constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Borrower, enforceable against it in accordance with their respective terms.
- B. No uncured Event of Default under the Notes or any of the other Loan Documents has occurred which continues unwaived by the Agent Bank, and no event which with the passage of time, the giving of notice or both would constitute an Event of Default, exists as of the date hereof.
- C. The person executing this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which the Borrower is a party on behalf of the Borrower is duly authorized to do so.
- D. The representations and warranties made by the Borrower in any of the Loan Documents are hereby remade and restated as of the date hereof.
- E. Except as previously disclosed to the Agent Bank, there are no material actions, suits, legal, equitable, arbitration or administrative proceedings pending or threatened against the Borrower, the adverse determination of which could have a material adverse effect on the Loan Documents, the business operations or financial condition of the Borrower or the ability of the Borrower to fulfill its obligations under the Loan Documents.
- 14. REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, AND COVENANTS OF THE GUARANTORS. To induce the Agent Bank and the Banks to enter into this Amendment, the Guarantors represent and warrant to the Agent Bank and the Banks as follows:
- A. Each Guarantor has full power, authority, and capacity to enter into this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which any such Guarantor is a party, and this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which any such Guarantor is a party constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of such Guarantor, enforceable against such Guarantor in accordance with their terms.
- B. The person executing this Amendment and the Additional Loan Documents to which such Guarantor is a party on behalf of each Guarantor is duly authorized to do so.
- C. The representations and warranties made by each Guarantor in any of the Loan Documents are hereby remade and restated as of the date hereof.

D. Except as previously disclosed to the Agent Bank there are no material actions, suits, legal, equitable, arbitration or administrative proceedings pending or threatened against any Guarantor, the adverse determination of which could have a material adverse effect on the Loan Documents, the business operations or financial condition of any Guarantor or the ability of any Guarantor to fulfill its obligations under the Guaranty Agreement.

15. MISCELLANEOUS.

- A. Amendment and Other Fees and Expenses. The Borrower agrees to pay to or for the account of the Agent Bank, whichever is applicable, upon the closing of this Amendment (i) the cost of the endorsements to the Title Policies described in Section 4.2F(5) of the Loan Agreement, (ii) any recording or filing fees incurred by Agent Bank in connection with this 2002A Amendment, and (iii) the reasonable fees and expenses of Agent Bank's counsel in negotiating, drafting and closing this 2002A Amendment, the Additional Loan Documents and related documents.
- B. Illegality. In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this Amendment should be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.
 - ${\tt C.}$ Changes in Writing. No modification, amendment or waiver of any

provision of this Amendment nor consent to any departure by the Borrower or any of the Guarantors therefrom, will in any event be effective unless the same is in writing and signed by the Agent Bank, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given.

- D. Successors and Assigns. This Amendment will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Borrower, the Guarantors, the Agent Bank and the Banks and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns; provided, however, that neither the Borrower nor the Guarantors may assign this Amendment in whole or in part without the prior written consent of the Agent Bank, and the Agent Bank and the Banks at any time may assign this Amendment in whole or in part, as provided in Section 11 of the Loan Agreement.
- E. Counterparts. This Amendment may be signed in any number of counterpart copies and by the parties hereto on separate counterparts, but all such copies shall constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Agent Bank, each Bank, the Borrower and each Guarantor has caused this Amendment to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

BANK ONE, KENTUCKY, NA, as Agent Bank ("the Agent Bank")

/s/ Thelma B. Ferguson

By: Thelma B. Ferguson, First Vice President

BANK ONE, KENTUCKY, NA as a Bank

/s/ Thelma B. Ferguson

By: Thelma B. Ferguson, First Vice President

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A. as a Bank

/s/ Bryan Hulker

By: Bryan Hulker, Vice President

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LASALLE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION as a Bank

/s/ A. Mark Mital

By: A. Mark Mital, Vice President

SUNTRUST BANK as a Bank

/s/ Scott T. Corley

By: Scott T. Corley, Director

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION d/b/a FIRSTAR BANK, N.A., as a Bank

/s/ Toby Rau

By: Toby Rau, Assistant Vice President

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. (the "Borrower")

/s/ David D. Johnson

By: David D. Johnson, Vice President

SYPRIS TEST & MEASUREMENT, INC., a Delaware corporation (successor to BELL TECHNOLOGIES, INC., a Florida corporation) ("Bell") (as a "Guarantor" and solely with respect to Sections 4.2F, 6 and 7 of the Loan Agreement)

/s/ David D. Johnson

By: David D. Johnson, Treasurer

SYPRIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC., a Delaware corporation (successor to TUBE TURNS TECHNOLOGIES, INC., a Kentucky corporation) ("TT") (as a "Guarantor" and solely with respect to Sections 4.2F, 6 and 7 of the Loan Agreement)

/s/ David D. Johnson

By: David D. Johnson, Treasurer

SYPRIS ELECTRONICS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (successor to GROUP TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, a Florida corporation) ("Group") (as a "Guarantor" and solely with respect to Sections 4.2F, 6 and 7 of the Loan Agreement)

/s/ David D. Johnson

By: David D. Johnson, Treasurer

SYPRIS DATA SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation (f/k/a METRUM-DATATAPE, INC.) ("MD") (as a "Guarantor" and solely with respect to Sections 4.2F, 6 and 7 of the Loan Agreement)

/s/ David D. Johnson

By: David D. Johnson, Treasurer

SYPRIS TECHNOLOGIES MARION, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("STM") (as a "Guarantor") and solely with respect to Sections 4.2F, 6 and 7 of the Loan Agreement)

/s/ David D. Johnson

By: David D. Johnson, Treasurer

SYPRIS SOLUTIONS, INC. SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) Sypris Test & Measurement, Inc., a Delaware corporation (formerly Bell Technologies, Inc.).
- (2) Sypris Electronics, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (formerly Group Technologies Corporation).
- (3) Sypris Data Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation (formerly Metrum-Datatape, Inc.).
- (4) Sypris Technologies, Inc., a Delaware corporation (formerly Tube Turns Technologies, Inc.).
- (5) Sypris Technologies Marion, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in (i) Form S-8 Registration Statements Nos. 33-94546, 333-07195, 33-94544, 333-07199, 333-07111, 333-52589, 333-62781, 333-52593 and 333-77883, pertaining to the Sypris Solutions, Inc. 1994 Stock Option Plan for Key Employees (Formerly Group Technologies Corporation 1994 Stock Option Plan for Key Employees), to the Sypris Solutions, Inc. Independent Directors' Stock Option Plan (Formerly Group Technologies Corporation Independent Directors' Stock Option Plan), to the Sypris Solutions, Inc. Stock Option Plan Dated January 22, 1990 (Formerly Group Technologies Corporation Stock Option Plan Dated January 22, 1990) and (ii) Form S-8 Registration Statement No. 333-70319 pertaining to the Sypris Solutions, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, of our report dated January 28, 2002 with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Sypris Solutions, Inc. included in the Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2001.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Louisville, Kentucky January 28, 2002